

PERSONAL NOTES

Arrivals and Departures of Residents and Visitors

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD

The Column Everybody Reads—Chat About Your Friends and Neighbors—Here and There.

Miss Burns of Cumberland is spending a few weeks at Mrs. A. J. Otto's. Misses Nellie and Rose Donahoe are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Will. Mrs. Samuel Claar is visiting her son James in Johnstown.

J. Roy Cessna, the Insurance man, returned home on Monday.

A. J. Crissman of New Paris was seen on our streets on Wednesday.

Miss Mary Reed is visiting friends and relatives at East Freedom.

Squire Levi Roundabout and J. H. Moses of Osterburg, transacted business in Bedford Wednesday.

William Mattingly of Cumberland is a guest at the home of Mrs. S. J. Mattingly.

Miss Elizabeth Freis of Altoona is a guest of her friend, Miss Madge Reed.

Mrs. Sarah May of Sulphur Springs was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Reed for a few days recently.

Samuel Russell, of Peoria, Ill., arrived in Bedford on Tuesday for a short visit with relatives and friends.

Miss Dorothy Lutz of Philadelphia is visiting her friend, Miss Irma Russell.

Solomon Kegg and George W. Richey, Esq., of Everett, were business visitors to Bedford on Tuesday.

J. C. Wineman and wife of Washington, D. C., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. George M. Purcell.

Miss Carrie E. Steckman of Lancaster is visiting her cousins, Mrs. J. W. Gervin and the Misses Steckman.

Miss Edith Smith, left on Friday to attend a house party at Hummers-town, Pa.

Dr. W. W. Van Ormer of Schellsburg was a Bedford visitor on Monday.

William Lentz, wife and family of Pittsburg are visiting at the home of Charles Jacobs.

Mr. Oscar Shippy of New Buena Vista paid us a friendly visit on Monday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reed and little son spent Saturday with friends in East Freedom.

Dr. Lydia Lippencott of Philadelphia is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Blackburn.

Mrs. Ray Eggleston and two children of Philadelphia are visiting Mrs. Eggleston's father, D. W. Prosser.

Rev. and Mrs. N. H. Landis and children of Derry are guests of Dr. and Mrs. H. R. Brightbill.

Irvin Brumbaugh and family of Marklesburg were Bedford visitors on Sunday.

Miss Evelyn Hammer of Swissvale is visiting her aunt Mrs. L. H. Hinkle.

Mr. and Mrs. Ransom Sellers of Pittsburg were the guests on Wednesday of Mr. Seller's aunt, Miss Julia Pepple.

Dr. E. F. Carter and daughter, Mrs. Frederick Dunkle of Indianapolis, Ind., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Egolf.

William Metzger of Philadelphia, is in Bedford for a short stay at the home of his mother, Mrs. S. S. Metzger.

J. F. Cessna of Everett is taking the place of dispatcher, John H. Clark, at the P. E. R., while Mr. Clark is on his vacation.

Marion, little daughter of Roy Davidson of Pittsburg is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Davidson, West Pitt St.

Mrs. Earl Swartzwelder and Misses Nora Blackburn and Mary Bittinger were the guests of Leysburg friends over Sunday.

Mrs. Edwards Stewart and daughters Dorothy and Grace of Pittsburg are visiting Mrs. Stewart's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Arnold at Pleasant View Farm.

Dr. A. C. Daniels returned last Saturday from his western trip, where he visited his father at Pawnee Rock, Kansas, and his sons at Kansas City.

Humphrey D. Tate and wife of Chicago, spent Tuesday with relatives and friends in Bedford. Mr. Tate is a son of the late Samuel B. Tate of Everett.

Mrs. William F. Cromwell and daughter, Miss Helen left on Tuesday for Wheeling, W. Va., where they will spend some time with her daughter, Mrs. Herne.

Miss Lottie Claar who has been visiting her brother, Wm. Claar and family in Cumberland for the past month returned to Bedford on Saturday.

Misses Elizabeth and Josephine Henderson, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Henderson of Pittsburg are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dull, East Pitt St.

Charles Shaver, Esq., H. F. Yost, Esq., and Ex-Associate Judge Dickey all of Somerset and Wm. E. Williams, Esq., of Johnstown came over from their respective homes on Thursday for the transacting of legal business.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. May and daughter Anna, and Joe Shuck motored to Pittsburg Friday to attend Malia Picnic, returned Sunday afternoon, accompanied by Miss Margaret May of Pittsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Litzberg of Cumberland, arrived in Bedford on Saturday for a few days vacation and spent that time at the home of Mr. William Brice, Jr., on East Pitt Street. Mrs. Litzberg is a sister of Mrs. Brice.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY DEAD

Beloved Hoosier Poet Joins the Invisible Choir. Governor Ralston Pays High Tribute to Indiana's Poet.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., — The body of James Whitcomb Riley, the Indiana poet, who died unexpectedly Saturday night at his home here, lay in state at the Indiana state capitol from 3 p. m. until 9 p. m. Monday. The hours were fixed especially with the view of providing a time when the working people and children, accompanied by parents, might view the body. The poet was particularly close to the workers and children. Mr. Riley's death was due to paralysis. He suffered a violent stroke about 7.30 Saturday morning.

Gov. Samuel M. Ralston in a letter to Henry Eitel of the city, brother-in-law of the poet, asked that the body lie in state at the capitol. The letter, which met with a favorable and ready response from the poet's relatives, follows:

Gov. Ralston's Tribute
"James Whitcomb Riley was loved by the people of Indiana as was no other man. In an exceptionally tender sense the people of his native state felt and believed that he belonged to them, and they mourn—bitterly mourn—his passing.

"As governor of Indiana, I am anxious that the people be afforded an opportunity to show the high respect in which they held this man who sang of common things, and I am, therefore, to suggest that his remains be allowed to lie in state in the rotunda of the capitol between the hours of 3 o'clock p. m. and 9 o'clock p. m., Monday, July 24, 1916."

Burial Near Indianapolis
Funeral services were held at the home Tuesday morning. They were private and simple in accordance with wishes of the poet.

It was tentatively agreed that the burial be in Crown Hill cemetery, near here, relatives feeling that Mr. Riley should be buried where the public might easily visit his grave.

Known to thousands as the "Hoosier poet," Riley won literary fame by his quaint poems and stories, though he was by no means merely a poet of dialect. Still it was a maker of dialect poetry, such as "Knee Deep in June" and "The Old Man Jim," that he founded a distinct school of writers.

At a state political convention in Indiana one of the men nominated for office arose to thank the convention. He concluded by saying, earnestly that the ticket was sure to win "when the frost is on the pumpkin and the corn is in the shock." The applause which followed showed nearly every one there had read James Whitcomb Riley's poem, and the incident was the first real start toward success by the Hoosier poet.

Mr. Riley had just been discharged from the staff of the Indianapolis Journal, and the reception given the quotation from his poem in the convention hall induced the business manager of the Journal to have published in partnership with the poet "The Old Swimmin' Hole and 'Leven More Poems." That book made a hit and gave the writer a national reputation.

Mr. Riley was the poet of his native state—for he was born at Greenfield in 1849. He was the son of Reuben A. Riley, an attorney. His mother was Elizabeth Marne, a writer of verse. Young Riley did not take well to school, and instead of carrying out his father's wishes and becoming a lawyer, he left home, turned itinerant sign painter, peddler and violinist at country fairs or anywhere else he was wanted in his travels. For 10 years he roved the Ohio valley painting commercial signs on fences and farm outbuildings. He then joined a theatrical troupe, rewriting their plays and improving their songs.

This was his carefree life until late in the '70s, when he took employment as a writer for a newspaper at Anderson, Ind. He now began to write poems, but with little encouragement from the publishers. In 1877 he perpetrated the Poe hoax, which was for five years a literary sensation. He often regretted his act, which, he said, was for the purpose of proving he could write poetry of note.

In the early '80s Mr. Riley settled in Indianapolis and began writing verses in the Hoosier dialect for the Indianapolis Journal. Then came the publication of his work and success.

Some of Riley's books are these: "The Old Swimmin' Hole and 'Leven More Poems" (1883), "After Whiles" (1888), "The Boss Girl and Other Sketches" (1886), "Un, Wit and Humor" (in collaboration with Nye, 1889), "Railway Guide" (in collaboration with Nye), "Pipes o' Pan at Zekesburg" (1889), "Rhymes of Childhood" (1890), "Character Sketches and Poems" (1887), "The Flying Islands of the Night," "Green Fields and Running Brooks," "Old-fashioned Roses," "An Old Sweetheart of Mine" and "Poems Here at Home" (1893).

Ministers Go to Lancaster

On last Monday morning, Rev. J. Albert Eyer of Bedford and Rev. J. H. Dorman of Cessna, started for Lancaster, Pa., in Mr. Dorman's car to attend the spiritual conference being held there this week. "The little old Ford rambled right along" and at three o'clock in less than 7 hours traveling time, they had gone the 132 miles. Rev. Eyer read the paper before the spiritual conference on Tuesday evening. He will return to Bedford Friday, with Rev. Dorman, bringing home his family and Miss Margaret Pepple, who have been visiting in Lancaster and points in Maryland.

Morgart Reunion

The annual reunion of the Morgart families will be held in the Grove at Providence Church, in West Providence township, on Saturday, August 12. All members and friends of the family are cordially invited. Come and spend the day.

James W. Hoy, Secretary.

Diehl Reunion

The Diehl reunion will be held on August 12, at Clayton Smith's Grove, near Charlesville. Music by the P. O. S. of A. Band of Charlesville. Everybody welcome.

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Mrs. Maria A. Barbour

On the morning of July 21, 1916, Mrs. Maria A. Barbour died at her home in New Paris, at the age of 87 years, 6 months and 29 days. She was a daughter of Joseph W. and Isabel (Frame) Sleek, and was the oldest of a family of three sons and nine daughters; only two survive, Mrs. W. V. Taylor of Schellsburg, and Mrs. Rufus W. Wright of Wilmerding. She married Samuel Barbour who served as a soldier in the Mexican war and also in the Civil war; he preceded her in death in February of 1904. They raised a family of twelve children. The following survive their parents: William H. Barbour, Addison H. Barbour, George H. Barbour and Edward R. Barbour of Washington, D. C.; Joseph Barbour of California, and Mrs. Irene Ralston of New Paris. The deceased was a consistent member of the M. E. Church the greater part of her life. She was known for her kindness, especially to the poor and was a liberal contributor to the cause of the Master in whom she so much trusted. Her funeral, which occurred on Sunday morning, at her home, was conducted by her pastor, Rev. S. H. Engles. A large concourse of relatives and friends assembled to pay her the last tribute of respect, such as an aged, Christian mother is worthy. Interment was made in the cemetery at Horn's Church. The pall bearers were: Dr. H. I. Shoenfath, S. H. Mickel, Jackson Crissman, Hall Davis, Albert Penrose and Winter Davis. "Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord."

On Sunday morning, July 23, 1916, Eli Nunemaker, who had his home with his son Simon and family near New Paris, did not rise as usual, and on going to his bed was found dead. He worked as usual on Saturday, ate a hearty supper and went to rest seemingly in good health. The deceased was a son of John and Rebecca (Blackburn) Nunemaker, and was aged 65 years, 9 months and 20 days. — Thomas B. Nunemaker of Point is a brother. He first married Miss Kate Dennison, and after her death, married Miss Elizabeth Carson. To the last union one son was born, Simon B., who resides on his father's farm. Mr. Nunemaker was noted for his honesty and upright dealings with his fellowmen. His funeral, which occurred on Monday afternoon was conducted by Rev. John Winwood in the U. B. Church, at New Paris. His remains were borne to their resting place in the Baptist cemetery by the following gentlemen: Charles C. Blackburn, John Darr, Jesse Miller, Fred J. Rock, Herman Miller and James B. Stultz, Cal.

Peter Whitaker was born near Schellsburg, Bedford county, March 4, 1845, and died at his late residence near Queen, July 22, 1916, aged 71 years, 4 months and 18 days. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Mary Knipple, who took care of him during his declining years. He united with the Methodist church in early life and his pastor, Rev. Mr. Swank conducted his funeral services in the M. E. Church, at Queen on Sunday morning. The body was then conveyed to Osterburg, where interment was made at noon on Sunday.

Mrs. Ettie Donahoe

Mrs. Ettie Donahoe, wife of George Donahoe, of Hughes Station, died at the Allegheny hospital, Cumberland, July 18, after a lingering illness. She was 61 years old. The remains were brought to Bedford Wednesday evening, and buried from St. Thomas' Church Friday morning. Mrs. Donahoe was of an amiable disposition and loved by all who knew her.

Bibles for Company L

The following Sunday Schools of Bedford County have kindly reported their willingness as well their desire to join in E. A. Cessna's proposed plan to present the members of Company L with bibles. The M. E. Sunday school at Rainsburg, Pa., Mrs. Margaret Byers, Supt.; the Church of God Sunday School, at Saxton, Pa., James Blackburn, Supt.; the Brethren Sunday School, of Snake Spring Valley, Pa., Alva Shuss, Supt.; the St. Matthews Lutheran Sunday School at Saxton, Pa., S. F. Harvey, Secy.; the C. I. C. Class of the Friend's Cove Reformed Sunday School, (Brick Church) Raymond Whetstone, John Hunt, Geary Diehl, Committee; the Evangelical Pine Grove Sunday School near Osterburg, Pa., Simon F. Blackburn, Supt.; the Lutheran Sunday School, at Bedford, Pa., Fred S. Sammel, Supt.; the M. E. Sunday School at Saxton, Pa., Augustus Troutman, Supt.

S. A. Cessna,

H. D. Metzger,

D. W. Prosser,

Committee.

The committee sincerely hopes that every Soldier boy of Company L may be able to carry a bible containing the name of every Sunday School in Bedford County. They also request that all reports be sent in just as soon as possible.

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METHODIST DAY AT LAKEMONT

AUGUST 3.

Dr. Wilson, Bishop McDowell and Dr. Taylor Speakers for the Sessions of the Day

What has been planned and expected as the biggest and best Methodist Day yet will be the program for Lakemont park on Thursday, August 3. The Pennsylvania Railroad company has promised a special train from Bedford to Lakemont.

Bishop William Frazer McDowell, D. D., LL. D., a strong and able man belonging to the whole world but now particularly at home in Washington, one-whom the management has desired to have at Methodist Day for a number of years, has been secured.

Provisions are being made on a large scale to furnish refreshments and light lunches at lowest cost.

It being the centennial of the death of Bishop Asbury, the pioneer of early Methodism, fitting mementoes of this will be joined to Methodist Day remembrances in the shape of a button, properly inscribed and showing the head of Bishop Asbury. These souvenirs will be handled by the Boy Scouts who care for the packages.

The following committees are in charge of affairs:

Reception—Rev. J. E. Brenneman, chairman, Altoona; Revs. C. T. Dunning and D. M. Kerr.

Special train will leave Bedford at 8:10 a. m., and returning leaves Lakemont at 7:30 p. m. Round trip excursion from Bedford \$1.55, and proportionate rates from other stations enroute.

A decision of interest under the Compensation Law to the people of this section was handed down by Hon. Jacob Snyder, Referee last Friday. The case was that of Susan Miller of Everett, mother against Joseph E. Thropp, Annie S. Miller, widow, for herself and her two children, also claimed the Compensation. Due on account of the death of Alexander Miller.

The decedent and claimants are colored people. In the latter part of April, Alex Miller, who was employed at the Earlston Furnace in unloading ore from cars was struck by a piece of ore on the shin and from this blood poisoning developed and Miller died in the J. C. Blair Memorial hospital on May 6th, last. The Pennsylvania Manufacturers Association Casualty Insurance Company, with which Mr. Thropp had insured his employees under the Compensation Law, defended on the grounds that there had been no injury as claimed; that the mother was not entitled, not being a dependent; that the mother was not entitled because of the children; that the widow was not entitled because she did not live with her husband.

The Referee held a hearing in the First National Trust Company building on July 12, and from the evidence found that Miller was injured and died from the result of the hurt to his leg. He disallowed compensation to the mother and found that even though Annie Miller did not live with her husband at the time of his death, the fact that she had him arrested for desertion and non-support, and he was found guilty of this charge, was a determination by a Court of competent jurisdiction that she was dependent.

Mrs. Annie S. Miller, who lives on Union Street, in Bedford, under the award will receive \$2,351.25, of which \$120.50 are for funeral expenses and witness fees, and the balance will be paid her in weekly installments. For 200 weeks, @ \$5 per week; for 170 weeks @ \$2.50 per week; for 203 weeks @ \$1.50 per week.

Susan Miller was represented by Joseph B. Biddle, Esq., of Everett; Annie S. Miller by E. F. Madore, Esq., of Bedford and the Insurance Co. by J. C. Sheriff, Esq., of Pittsburg.

This was the first Compensation paid in Bedford County.

Fine Musical Program Arranged.

Men of Talent to Participate.

Prof. George Rogovsky, the famous Russian cellist, who is now leader of the orchestra at Bedford Springs hotel, will be heard at Port Bedford Inn, on Tuesday evening, August 1. For the benefit of St. Thomas' Church with Roger Britt, a violinist from the Paris Conservatoire, and will be assisted by some of Bedford's well-known talent.

Prof. Rogovsky is a winner of the first prize gold medal of the St. Petersburg Conservatory, with a presentation of a genuine Guarnerius instrument, and a leading cellist with such organizations as the Imperial Orchestra of St. Petersburg, the New York Symphony, the Manhattan Opera House and the world famous Mme. Nordica's concert tours. Mr. Britt has played under the baton of the late Edward Colonne of Paris, the leadership of Sir Percy Pitt at Covent Garden, and Sir Henry J. Wood of Queen's Hall fame, London; he is in connection with the Thomas Quinlan Musical Bureau of New York has travelled extensively in South America, Australia, and India, and is at present a member of the Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra.

The program to be rendered follows:

1. Humoreske, A. Dvorak; Sorenade, Schubert, Cello and Violin; 2. Ecstasy, Rummel, Cloyd Doty. 3. Ave Maria, Gounod; 4. Male Quartette, Wm. H. B. Cessna, Cloyd Doty, Selected, Fred S. Sammel. 5. Berceuse, Godard; Mazurka, Winiarski, Violin Solo, Roger Britt. 6. Solo, Selected, Fred S. Sammel. 7. Tosti's Goodbye, Cello Solo, Prof. George Rogovsky.

DID NOT RECEIVE THE CONTRIBUTION FROM JAMES

Blames Some one Else for Getting 'the Money and Charging it Up to Him.

Connellsville, Pa., July 21, 1916. Mr. Victor E. P. Barkman, Editor of The Bedford Gazette, Bedford, Pa.,

Dear Sir:—

I notice in the issue of your paper during week of the 14th, inst., my name appears in your columns as receiving \$4.00 for nomination purposes, which I presume was sent out for this purpose by the County Committee.

This money was supposed to have been distributed in the borough of Hyndman, Pa. I wish to inform you of the fact that I was not in Hyndman during the nomination nor was I even in the County and never received this money, I am of the opinion some other party got this money and simply used my name instead of his own and I would like very much for you to issue this correction through your paper and be kind enough to send me a copy of the issue it will appear in.

I enclose you herewith 5 cents in U. S. Postage for mailing same to me. Thanking you in advance, I beg to remain,

Respectfully yours,

Chas. E. Light, General Delivery, Connellsville, Pa.

POINT

Ross Studebaker of East Pittsburg was a guest one day recently of the family of T. R. Studebaker, his father. Ross came to see his brother, Paul who is seriously ill. Mr. Berkheimer a son of Mr. and Mrs. Scott Berkheimer of Fort Hill, Pa., was also a guest at the Studebaker home last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. King and sons Harry and Charley of near Clearville came up on Tuesday and have been busy cutting their harvest of wheat and rye. They speak well of their new home and the sociable neighbors.

Mrs. Vinie Haskins with some Johnstown friends, who have been on an automobile trip to Pittsburg and other places, came to Valentine Leppert's on Saturday evening in Mrs. Haskins' touring car. They left for home on Sunday evening.

Russell Wonders and family of Johnstown were guests of Mrs. Wonders' brother on Saturday evening and Sunday.

Our old and respected neighbor M. C. King of Altoona is visiting among his old neighbors on Sunday and Monday.

Lee and Howard Rose of the West Side of Chestnut Ridge brought their sister, Mrs. William H. Yarnell and three children of North Braddock to be the guests of the family of your correspondent for the week. It is very pleasant to have three grandchildren, bright and handsome to brighten the old home again.

Mrs. Harry Burns and children attended Baptist day meeting at Lakemont Park on last Thursday and R. C. Smith also was at Lakemont Park and Altoona on Friday and returned home on Saturday.

Mrs. C. W. Blackburn and daughter, Miss Myrtle are visiting at the home of their son and brother, Harry Blackburn of Canton, Ohio. They went on Sunday, July 16, with Harry in his automobile.

Mrs. Henry Ellenberger and daughter of Hellville and ten other ladies of this community surprised Mrs. Edgar Shaffer on Thursday last. They came prepared with good things for the table, and put together and quilted a handsome friendship quilt, which Mrs. Shaffer appreciates very much. All had a good time.

Harry Burns sold a fine bunch of sheep to William Foreman of Willow Grove last week.

Arthur Ikes and wife and Robert Fetter and wife of Pleasantville were guests of the family of R. C. Smith on Sunday. Mr. Fetter is a grandson of Mr. Smith and was lately married to Miss Ikes and brought her to see his grandparents.

J. E. McCreary of Sharon was the guest of his brother, H. S. McCreary on Monday.

C. W. Blackburn is reported as being on the sick list.

WOODBURY

Daniel Bechtel and Levi Sloughter, of Roaring

MANN'S CHOICE, RT. 1

As I have been absent for some time will again write a few items to The Gazette.

The farmers are busily engaged in harvesting their grain and hay.

On July the 4th, Mrs. Elsie Keller Brant underwent an operation in the Western Maryland hospital for the removal of tumors.

Rudolph Keller of near West End spent Sunday at the home of his uncle, Mr. and Mrs. John Keller and family.

Misses Flora Brant, Lucinda Diehl and Leila M. Brant went to Cumberland last Saturday to see the former's sister-in-law and the latter's mother who is a patient in the Western Maryland hospital.

Mrs. Arch Bohn of Altoona visited her brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Geisler.

Mr. James Diehl and son-in-law James Robb made a business trip to Cainsbrook on last Monday.

Mildred Berkey of Boswell is spending some time with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. William Shipley.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dull and children, Roy and Sarah, and mother Mrs. William Diehl motored to the home of John Keller and family one evening last week.

Misses Leila M. Brant and Florence Diehl attended the festival in Schellsburg on Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Shipley and little son, Harold visited at the home of Mrs. Shipley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Diehl on last Sunday.

Those who spent Sunday evening at the John Keller home were: Misses Lucinda and Florence Diehl, and Messrs Howard Diehl, Harry Corley, Clarence Diehl and John Hyde.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Frazier of Kansas, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Frazier and son, Samuel of Glen Savage, visited at the home of their uncle, Mr. and Mrs. John Keller and family on last Sunday. The trip was made in the latter's automobile.

Messrs George Kelley and Bert Nicodemus of near Schellsburg and Miss Florence Diehl of this place were also visitors at the same place on the same day.

The Normal students are about all home from school. The following persons attended school at different places: Misses Florence Diehl and Leila M. Brant at Schellsburg; John Corley and Miss Celia Flemming at Mann's Choice, and Miss Mary Geller at Bedford.

Mrs. Harvey Keller and children, Margaret and Robert of Bedford are spending some time with the former's mother, Mrs. Rosena Corley.

Messrs W. H. Keller, Bert Nicodemus and George Kelley and Miss Florence Diehl and Leila M. Brant made a trip to Schellsburg on last Sunday evening in the former's automobile.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Dull and children of near Mann's Choice spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dull.

Curtis Diehl has returned to the home of his father, Samuel C. Diehl

HAVE YOU WEAK LUNGS?

Do colds settle on your chest or in your bronchial tubes? Do coughs hang on, or are you subject to throat troubles?

Such troubles should have immediate treatment with the strengthening powers of Scott's Emulsion to guard against consumption which so easily follows.

Scott's Emulsion contains pure cod liver oil which peculiarly strengthens the respiratory tract and improves the quality of the blood; the glycerine in it soothes and heals the tender membranes of the throat.

Scott's is prescribed by the best specialists. You can get it at any drug store.

Scott & Borne, Bloomfield, N. J.

from Detroit, Michigan, with a bride. The trip was made in an automobile. Mr. and Mrs. Russell V. Keller and children of near West End spent Sunday with Mrs. Keller's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Turner.

SCHELLSBURG

July 18, 1916.

William Schell of Minneapolis, spent a couple days with friends here last week.

Miss Florence Poorman is visiting friends at Somerset.

Miss Leone Sell of Bedford was a recent guest of Miss Davis Culp.

Rev. Ross Clark, wife and child of Cincinnati, O., and Mrs. H. W. Kinton and son of Mann's Choice were visitors at R. L. Williams on Sunday.

Misses Gertrude Ross of Huntingdon and Elizabeth Thompson of Bedford were guests of Mrs. L. A. Ross last week.

Miss Elsie Ernest of Bedford spent Saturday and Sunday at T. H. Slack's.

Miss Marie Long a graduate of the school at Avalon, is home. Her friend, Miss Margaret Jamison of Johnstown is visiting her.

The game of base ball on Saturday between our boys and the team at Central City was victory for our team.

The festival held Saturday evening by the base ball boys was quite a success and netted them quite a large sum.

Charley Schell and family left for their home in Lima, O., after a short visit with relatives.

The school directors of Napier township, met Saturday and elected the following teachers for the coming winter: Helixville, Olive Dibert; Napier, Beula Blackburn; Moore, Sara Blackburn; Blackburn, Alma Slick; Rock Lick, Mary Williams; Wilt, Blanche Blackburn; Point, Nelle Rock; Mullen, Gertrude Oyler; Amick, Mary S. Smith; Tull's Hill, Elsie Ernest; Bethel, Edna Hillgass; Allison, Cora Gephart; Mill, Joe Cuppett.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

QUEEN

Young America with their bicycles are helping the automobiles to rid the pike from Queen Station to Queen of some of its dust.

Prof. Jimmie Hoenstine is slightly indisposed at this writing.

Mrs. Mary Clair who has been on the sick list is slightly improving.

Jack Dively visited Rush Shoemaker Saturday night.

Valentine Wright, who has undergone an operation at the Roaring Spring hospital for an abscess of the shoulder is in a serious condition.

The Kimmell township board of school directors met in the Lewis town school house on Saturday evening and elected the following teachers: Shaffer, D. R. Hoenstine; Helsel, Merle Wright; Fickes, Estella Knisely; Lewistown, H. Maude Walter; Knisely, Hartley Claycomb; Boyer, Roy Hengst.

Harvey Welsh the 13 years old son of George Welsh was found dead on the railroad track by W. F. Kne near his residence at this place last Thursday morning. The exact manner in which he met his death is unknown. The body was badly mangled. Interment was made Friday morning in the Greenfield cemetery.

ROUND KNOB

Delbert Clark and Charlie Mort spent Sunday with Wade H. Figard.

Roy L. Figard and daughter, Mildred visited at the home of his father, Albert S. Figard on Sunday.

Miss Dulcie Osborne, who has been visiting relatives in Broad Top, has returned home.

Wade H. Figard and family made a flying trip to Hollidaysburg on Monday.

Cook Foster, who returned from the Altoona hospital on last Friday is not getting along so well, as he has the pneumonia, but we hope for his speedy recovery.

Peter Flanigan, who has been employed at Robertsdale, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Laura Flanigan of Finleyville.

Mrs. George Chamberlain of Well's Valley spent Sunday with her brother Cook Foster.

Harvey Clark and family spent Saturday at Mattie, making the trip in Howard Thomas' new Ford car.

George Mort and family spent Sunday at Clear Ridge, making the trip in their new Saxon car.

Work on the Run is progressing somewhat at this writing.

Mrs. Bell Figard and daughter, Amelia, visited at the home of Silas Thomas on Sunday.

Goldie Chaney is some what better at this writing.

Daisy.

MT. ZION

July 17, 1916.

Mrs. William Dicken is suffering greatly with a very sore hand.

Mrs. Barbara Cooper and daughter Vera of Cumberland are visiting her



Prince Albert is sold everywhere in tippy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin tins—and that clever crystal-glass pound tin with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such splendid condition.

PRINCE the national joy smoke **ALBERT**

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N. C. Copyright 1916 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

P. A. puts new joy into the sport of smoking!

YOU may live to be 110 and never feel old enough to vote, but it's certain-sure you'll not know the joy and contentment of a friendly old jimmy pipe or a hand rolled

cigarette unless you get on talking-terms with Prince Albert tobacco!

P. A. comes to you with a real reason for all the goodness and satisfaction it offers. It is made by a patented process that removes bite and parch! You can smoke it long and hard without a come-back! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

Prince Albert affords the keenest pipe and cigarette enjoyment! And that flavor and fragrance and coolness is as good as that sounds. P. A. just answers the universal demand for tobacco without bite, parch or kick-back!

Introduction to Prince Albert isn't any harder than to walk into the nearest place that sells tobacco and ask for "a supply of P. A." You pay out a little change, to be sure, but it's the cheer-fullest investment you ever made!

sister, Mrs. Ada Dicken of near Mt. Zion.

Mrs. Agnes Means, who has been on the sick list for quite a long time still continues to be no better.

Ralph Means of near Pratt, Md., spent last week with folks near here.

Miss Bettie Means of Baltimore, who spent a couple of weeks at home has returned to her work.

John Leasure of Cumberland paid his father, B. F. Leasure a flying visit this week.

Russel Collins was seen wending his way toward Dennie Ashes Saturday night. "Oh you Dolsie."

Mrs. Harriet Ash spent Sunday with Mrs. Agnes Means.

Mr. and Mrs. Olen Dicken called on William Dicken Sunday.

H. Howard Clark was through here this week, collecting telephone rent and repairing the line.

The county examination for Southampton, will be held at Chaneyville on August 1-2. County Superintendent

dent Hinkle will hold an educational meeting at that place on the evening of August 1st.

Mr. Lewis Koontz called at E. M. 'rail's Sunday.

The people around here have finished harvesting and are making hay.

Children's Day services will be held at Chaneyville on Sunday July 30th.

The Gazette \$1.50 a Year to All.

REMARKABLE INTRODUCTORY OFFER

FOR THIS VISIT ONLY

FOR THIS VISIT ONLY

FOR THIS VISIT ONLY

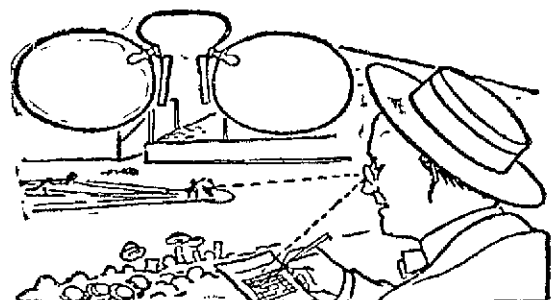
\$5.00 Eye Glasses at \$1.00 a Pair

The Crystal Optical Company, of Pittsburgh, wishes to announce that their Specialist and his Assistants will be in BEDFORD, at the Fort Bedford Inn Hotel, July 31 and August 1 and 2, and every 90 days thereafter

Our Object

In making this remarkable offer of \$5.00 glasses for \$1.00 a pair is simply to introduce our service in your community as well as our Crystal Lenses. Our Crystal Lenses have met with a great success by many persons who are now wearing them and are meeting with the same results wherever they are introduced.

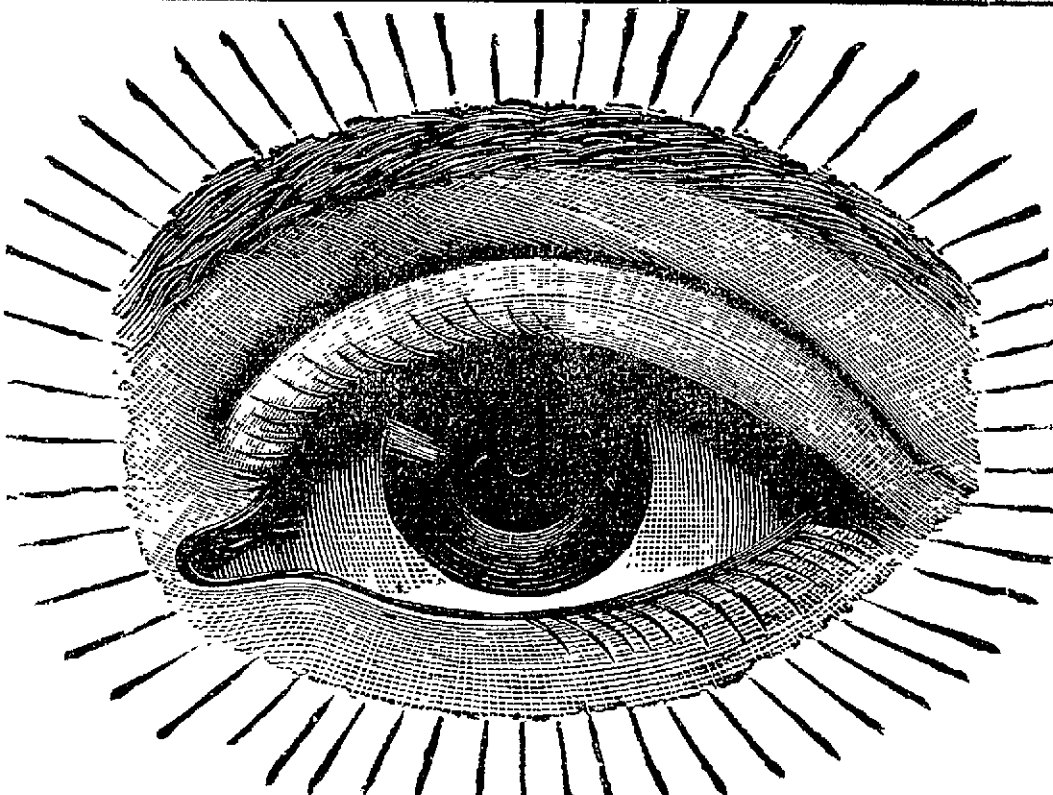
Our New Invisible Bifocals WILL NOT CONFUSE YOU



You Can See Near and Far With the Same Lenses

REMEMBER

That the above offer of \$5.00 eye glasses for \$1.00 a pair is for this visit only. Special prices on all other classes of Optical work. Regular prices will prevail after our first visit to Bedford.



Our Work Is Guaranteed For Five Years

Beware of all persons who call at your home and claim to be representing us, as we do not have representatives, but our Specialist at the Hotel as we advertise. All orders taken delivered by insured parcel post.

CRYSTAL OPTICAL COMPANY

Address all Communications to Main Office
Magee Building Pittsburgh, Pa.

Our Optical Specialist

And his assistants have had years of experience, so you may rely on them absolutely. They will be pleased to examine all those who have eye trouble or wear glasses ABSOLUTELY FREE. We would suggest therefore that you call on them.

Crystal Lenses

Will Positively Relieve All Pains About the Head and Eyes

As well as all other abnormal conditions of the eyes that can be relieved through wearing of properly fitted glasses of quality in most all cases.

Don't Forget the Dates

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

July 31, August 1 and 2,

Fort Bedford Inn Hotel

Office Hours: 8.30 a. m. to 8.00 p. m.

If your time is limited, come early and avoid the rush. RECEPTION ROOM, HOTEL PARLOR

We would ask you not to let our remarkable offer conflict in your mind with other such offers that have been made at Drug Stores and other such places by men who were not responsible nor established anywhere nor do they claim to be; as to ourselves, we are located and established both. We guarantee our work and glasses both for 5 years in writing and as to responsibility of our guarantee we will give bankable reference to those desiring same. These glasses we are advertising are the kind that usually sell at most optical establishments at \$5.00 and in some cases even more. This is the first time to our knowledge that such an offer has been made by responsible people who will stand back of their work and who cannot be branded as fakirs as some have. We will make these prices THIS VISIT ONLY and no more. Call and see us and we will explain how these prices can be made. You are not obliged to buy glasses and all EXAMINATIONS ABSOLUTELY FREE.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

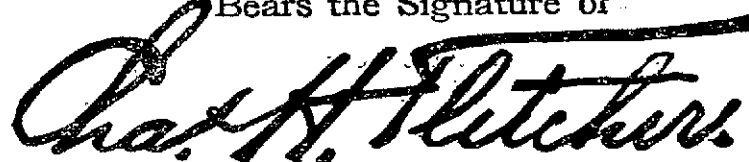
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifles with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

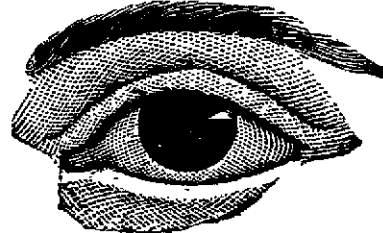
Bears the Signature of



In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Dr. A. C. WOLF,
BEDFORD, PA.Diseases of the
EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT

My Glasses are guaranteed for 4 years from \$3 to \$7, and guaranteed for a life time from \$8 to \$15. Any time it is necessary I will examine the eyes and change the lenses, free of charge.



The Clubby Smoke—"Bull" Durham

You start something lively when you produce "Bull" Durham in a crowd of live-wires and start "rolling your own". That fresh, mellow-sweet fragrance of "Bull" Durham makes everyone reach for "the makings". A hand-rolled "Bull" Durham cigarette brims over with zest and snap and the sparkle of sprightly spirits.

GENUINE
BULL DURHAM
SMOKING TOBACCO

Made of rich, ripe Virginia-North Carolina leaf, "Bull" Durham is the mildest, most enjoyable tobacco in the world.

No other cigarette can be so full of life and youthful vigor as a fresh-rolled cigarette of "Bull" Durham.

"Roll your own" with "Bull" Durham and you'll discover a new joy in smoking.

FREE An illustrated booklet, showing correct way to "Roll Your Own" Cigarettes, and a package of cigarette papers, will both be mailed, free, to any address in U. S. on request. Address "Bull" Durham, Durham, N. C.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO CO.

Ask for FREE package of "papers" with each 5c sack.



The President's Mexican Policy

Presented in An Authorized Interview by Secretary of the Interior, Franklin K. Lane.

"President Wilson's Mexican policy is one of the things of which, as a member of his Administration, I am proud. It shows so well his abounding faith in humanity, his profound philosophy of Democracy and his unshakable belief in the ultimate triumph of Liberty, Justice and Right. He has never sought the easy solution of any of the difficult questions that have arisen in the last three years. He has always sought the right solution."

"Mr. Wilson's Mexican policy has not been weak and vacillating. It has been definite and consistent, firm and constructive. How firm is already known to those who have sought to force American intervention in Mexico; how constructive will best be appreciated fifty years from now by the whole world. It was to Mexico perhaps more than to anything that the President referred the other day when he said that he was playing for the verdict of mankind."

"The policy of the United States toward Mexico is a policy of hope and of helpfulness, it is a policy of Mexico for the Mexicans. That after all, is the traditional policy of this country—it is the policy that drove Maximilian out of Mexico."

The Doctrine of Sympathy Secretary of the Interior Lane made this statement to me at his summer camp on the shores of Lake Champlain, and then he launched out into a forceful declaration of the principles underlying President Wilson's Mexican policy and proceeded to give the reasons for his conviction that the President was right when he refused to recognize Huerta, and declared that the murderer of Madero must go, right when he occupied the Port of Vera Cruz, right when he accepted the offer of mediation extended by the A. B. C., right when he abided by the agreement reached at Niagara Falls, right when he withdrew from Vera Cruz, right when he recognized Carranza as head of the de facto Government and right when he sent the United States army into Mexico after the bandit raid on Columbus. Mr. Lane said:

"The doctrine of force is always fighting with the doctrine of sympathy, and the trouble with the schools of war and anarchy is that neither one will recognize that both philosophies have a part in the life of every individual and of every nation, and in the production and advancement of that strange thing we call civilization."

"Now, the doctrine of force has been worked to its limit in Mexico. President Wilson believes that the doctrine of sympathy should have its chance in that country and this is the foundation of his Mexican policy. Not that Mexico wants our sympathy. It does not—and that is one of the great difficulties we have to contend with. Another is that it takes a long while to make a Mexican believe that we intend his country good and not evil. The people of Mexico have inherited the pride of Arragon, and the thing above all others that they do not want and will not stand for is that kind of sympathy which is nothing but pity."

Mexico Is a Bad Neighbor Now "The sympathy that Mexico needs is the sympathy of understanding. The United States should be what the Latin Americans call 'muy simpatico.' We have no exact English equivalent for that expression, but if there is one thing it does not mean it is sympathy, as we Americans use the word. Uncle Sam will be 'muy simpatico' to the Mexican people only when he has a conscientious regard for and realization of the feelings and the desires of the Mexican, and understands his best side, his aspiring nature."

"Mexico is a bad neighbor now. There is no use in denying this. We live at peace with Canada on our northern border, without a soldier along 2,000 miles of land, while, as a matter of necessity, we are obliged to keep an armed force on our Mexican border all of the time, and have now gathered the largest army assembled in the United States since the Civil War. The superficial reason for this is that Mexico cannot settle her own trouble at home and that the 'de facto' Government has been unable to prevent bandits from harassing us."

"Our neighbor's sewerage is running over into our lot, and we must find some way to stop it even if we have to go over the boundary line and stop the pipes ourselves. This is the easiest thing in the world to say, but to respect the letter of the law and at the same time abate a nuisance that is not on your own property is one of the most difficult things in the world."

"Mexico will always be a nuisance to us until a few fundamental reforms are put into effect there. If it is to be lasting, however, some one inside of Mexico must do it. It cannot be done by us unless we are prepared not only to conquer Mexico but to annex Mexico. We should not only have to make war on Mexico and impose peace by force, but after giving it a preliminary cleaning up we should have to establish and maintain indefinitely a government there."

I asked Secretary Lane to go over the history of the past six years in Mexico with me and to tell the World the reasons which had governed the policy and actions of the United States Government as each emergency arose. In complying with this request Mr. Lane said:

"Diaz was a great man, a very great man. I doubt if, with the possible exception of Bismarck, there was a greater man alive in his day. After the Czar of Russia he was the most absolute despot of modern times. He built a monument to himself,

which I believe is still standing, to celebrate thirty years of peace in Mexico, and all the nations of the earth sent representatives to its unveiling. Within two years he was an exile because that monument represented order alone and the aspirations of only a very small portion of his people."

"The peace that he had maintained was an imposed peace not coming from the people themselves. Diaz ruled by fear. He had gone into office with promises upon his lips, and I am willing to believe that he meant to keep them. But once in power he was appalled by the slow process of constructive civilization, and he determined that to gain time Mexico was to be saved by two things, force and wealth."

And so, while observing to some extent the letter of the Constitution he cynically avoided its spirit. He always placed property rights before human rights. Although he sought to improve and did improve Mexico's material condition it was without even so much as a thought of her moral progress. He kept the masses of the people in subjection by keeping them in ignorance. When he died 83 per cent. of the people could neither read nor write, and as far as her political development went Mexico was no further forward and no more fitted for self government than in 1821, when, having wrested her independence from Spain, she was first recognized as a sovereign nation by the United States."

A Depot's Rule of Mexico "During Diaz's time I had a very interesting talk with a great lawyer in Mexico City who was an office holder in the Diaz regime. I asked him current questions. After Diaz, what?" To my surprise the man said: "I am a Constitutionalist. Either before Diaz dies or immediately upon his death a revolution will break out in Mexico having for its purpose three things—the restoration of the land to the people, the establishment of public schools throughout the country, and a judicial system in which the courts will decide according to law and not according to executive desires."

"The Madero revolution followed exactly on these lines, but Madero was a dreamer, an idealist, a man who took his Constitution seriously and who failed for two reasons, or rather because of two weaknesses of his own character. He was not strong enough to suppress the rapacious rascals who surrounded him, and he was not practical enough to deliver the goods that he had promised. Men in Madero's own Government saw in his revolution only another opportunity for getting rich quick, and they ruined him while he was still dreaming."

"Huerta was his Commander in Chief, a soldier trained by Diaz and dominated by Diaz's friends. He too believed in saving Mexico by force and wealth; he was in complete sympathy with the philosophy expressed in the Diaz administration. There is no truth in the oft repeated allegation that all the trouble with Mexico would have been avoided if President Wilson had recognized Huerta. I ask any one who wishes to be fair to this Administration to look back three years and read the newspapers of that day and the debates in Congress in which the murder of Madero and Suarez was denounced."

Why We Said "Huerta Must Go." "Had we recognized Huerta or had we not taken a positive stand against him the criticism this Administration has received for the policy we have pursued would be as nothing to what would now overwhelm us. Who were the American statesmen who demanded Huerta's recognition? What one of our leaders of either party set forth the principles upon which a better feeling between this country and all of our sister republics of the south could be simulated by taking a position that was abhorrent to our American conscience?"

"We know what we have suffered in the past three years, and it is too easy now to say that all this would have been avoided if Huerta had been recognized, but the only demand made at that time by the more solid of our men of affairs who were antagonistic to the Administration's policy was that we should intervene, that we should bring order to Mexico by force."

No one then believed and no one really believes now that the recognition of Huerta would have solved the Mexican problem. We do know, however, one thing that we were not conscious of then, that Huerta himself had so slight a hold upon Mexico that he did not dare to leave the capital and that he was to all intents and purposes a prisoner of the reactionaries, able only to reach the sea at its nearest point."

"Although it is self-evident that this country, as the champion of constitutional government in America, can never recognize a military despotism based upon assassination, it is not necessary to call Huerta an assassin in order to justify our refusal to recognize him. His attempted dictatorship was but a fiction of government. With the elected President and Vice President murdered and the Minister of State, who was their lawful successor, cowed into submission, Huerta took the reins of power at the best as a temporary stop-gap."

"The revolution against Huerta broke out immediately upon the news of Madero's death. The correspondence between Huerta and Carranza recently published shows that every practical inducement was held out to Carranza to put an end to his revolutionary movement. To Carranza's credit be it said, he refused to come to terms with those who he believed

had been the cause of the President's death and who had set to one side the laws of his country."

A New World Civilization "It is not to be forgotten that Huerta did not pretend even to be a constitutional ruler. He sent word to the United States that he had taken the Government of Mexico into his own hands and that he was all the law that was to be found in Mexico. His statement was so bold that even the Supreme Court of Mexico uttered a feeble protest, which was somewhat more loudly echoed in the Mexican Senate."

"In the face of this, Huerta asked for recognition from the United States, but President Taft felt that he could not conscientiously grant it, and he left the problem to be dealt with by his successor, who had already been elected. That was the situation when President Wilson took office. Could President Wilson have recognized Huerta? Surely there can be but one answer to that question—No!"

"To have recognized Huerta would have been a two-fold injustice. First, to the people of Mexico, and secondly, to all the people of South and Central America. To give to the Commander in Chief of an army recognition as President under such circumstances would have been to announce to all ambitious military officers that they had but to ally themselves with successful junta the government by force, murdered the lawful incumbents and announce the overthrow of all laws and a supreme military dictatorship in order to gain the recognition of the United States, we being thoroughly aware of all that had happened."

"Americans are justified in the pride that through the operation of the Monroe Doctrine there is gradually growing up in the New World a civilization that will make old time revolutionary methods impossible, that will carry forward all of the twenty-one republics to the unification of our international interests in the true spirit of Pan-Americanism. We have so amplified the Monroe Doctrine that we are virtually the co-partners of the Republics to the South of us, and to proclaim that the violation of their constitutional laws would not in the slightest interfere with our recognition of a conspiracy to murder lawful executives and overthrow their established republican forms of Government would have been rightly considered by the American people as the most cowardly and short-sighted policy imaginable. Condemnation would have arisen not only from the people of the United States, but from all the Nations of the Pan-American Union."

His Face Set Against Intervention "During Huerta's regime we learned much of the ability of the Mexican as a casuist. The notes that came from Mexico were models of the Seventeenth Century style of diplomatic state paper. President Wilson attempted, it will be remembered, to find a basis upon which there could be set up to Mexico a Government that we could recognize. There was nothing peremptory about our attitude in the beginning of the diplomatic exchanges."

"Our whole effort was to the obtaining of a republican form of Government in Mexico which would have the people back of it, and guarantees against the establishment of an absolutism on our Southern border under which the people of Mexico would so chafe that we should have a constant state of revolution there."

"Many of the best Mexicans were in sympathy with the attitude that the United States took toward Huerta. They knew that stability of Government was not to be hoped for under a man of his temperament and disposition. After it became evident, by continued negotiation which ended nowhere, that Huerta was standing, so to speak, in the City of Mexico heaping insolence on the United States, President Wilson gave notice that Huerta must go."

"Then followed the Tampico incident. Our sailors landed at Tampico and were arrested, marched through the streets in ignominy and eventually returned to their boat. The Admiral in charge was so incensed at their treatment that he immediately made upon Huerta a demand that a national salute should be fired in atonement for the insult to the flag. Again the Mexican Government attempted to continue its policy of diplomatic quibbling."

"Meanwhile the revolution had gained such headway in the North that it was difficult from day to day to say which force had or occupied the greatest portion of Mexican territory. Huerta was keeping up his resistance because he was being supplied with ammunition from abroad. A ship was reported ready to land at Vera Cruz with a cargo of arms, and as a warning to Huerta and in proof of the seriousness of our purpose to bring Huerta to a recognition of our attitude, the order was given to seize the Custom House and occupy the port of Vera Cruz."

"We did not go to Vera Cruz to force Huerta to salute the flag. We did go there to show Mexico that we were in earnest in our demand that Huerta must go, and he went before

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

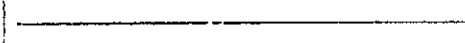
CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the

Signature of



ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Samuel S. Stonerook, late of Woodbury Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to

C. H. SELL,
Administrator,
Martinsburg, R. D.SIMON H. SELL,
Attorney. June 30, 6t.

The Very Best Flour

That Money Can Buy

ELIAS BLACKBURN
Wholesale Distributor
Fishertown, Penna.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills to keep and cure all troubles, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. For CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best-Safe, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Ambrose B. Brightbill, late of Bedford Borough, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]

Letters of administration on the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make prompt payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to

CHARLES C. BRIGHTBILL,
Administrator,
Bedford, Pa.
E. M. PENNELL,
Attorney. June 30, 6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of Eli L. Griest, late of East St. Clair township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased.]

Letters testamentary having been granted the undersigned administrator in the estate of Eli L. Griest, late of East St. Clair township, Bedford County, Pa., deceased, all persons having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent are hereby notified to present the same without delay for payment, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt payment of the same.

MARIA J. GRIEST,
Administratrix,
E. M. PENNELL,
Attorney. July 21, 6t.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, Pennsylvania, the undersigned executors and trustees of Jeremiah Weicht, late of West Providence Township, deceased, will offer at public sale on the hereinafter described premises on

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1916
at one o'clock p. m., the following real estate:

Tract No. 1. The mansion farm, late the property of said decedent, situate in West Providence Township, Bedford County, Pa., adjoining lands of John M. Weicht, A. B. Morris, Francis Pittman, Earl Albert Shoeman, and others, having thereon frame dwelling, bank barn and out-buildings, and containing 233 acres and 119 perches.

Tract No. 2. Adjoining other lands of decedent, Albert Shoeman and others, containing 216 acres and 20 perches.

Tract No. 3. Adjoining other lands of decedent, Isaac Benson, Frank Weicht and others, containing about thirteen acres.

Terms:—Ten per cent. of bid cash on day of sale; balance of one-third on confirmation of sale; one-third in one year and remaining third in two years with interest on deferred payments.

LUTHER HOLLAR,
GEORGE WEICHT,
Executors.

GEORGE POINTS, Attorney. July 21, 3t.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, Pa., the undersigned executor and trustee of Eva L. Covatt, late of Bedford Borough, deceased, will offer at public sale on the hereinafter described premises, the interest of decedent, being the undivided one-half interest, on

TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1916
at one o'clock p. m., in the following described real estate:

All that lot of ground on the southwest corner of Pitt and Richard streets in said Borough of Bedford, fronting twenty feet and ten inches on Pitt street and extending back ninety feet along Richard street, adjoining lot of William L. Ryan on the West and Richard street on the East, having thereon erected a large two-story brick building with right to use stairway on Ryan property to second floor and with sewer connections to river.

This property will be offered for sale subject to a lease on the whole building which expires April 1, 1920.

Terms:—Ten per cent. of bid cash or secured on day of sale and balance on confirmation of sale and delivery of deed.

GEORGE POINTS,
Executor of Eva L. Covatt, dec'd.

At the same time that the interest of said decedent in above described real estate is sold, the interest of James A. Covatt, being the undivided one-half interest, will be offered for sale.

July 21, 3t.

FISHERTOWN

Dr. Johnson and family of Claysburg were recent guests at the home of Enoch Blackburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Lhota of Canton, O., visited last week at the home of Mrs. Wendel.

Miss Claycomb of Windber is spending a few days here with her aunt, Mrs. S. B. Way.

Mr. and Mrs. Orner of Johnstown spent last Sunday at the home of Carey Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Landis of Creson spent from Sunday till Monday at the home of B. F. Hoover.

Quite a number from this place attended the Eagle picnic at Spring Meadow on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. McNin of Altoona, were guests at the home of George Otto recently.

Miss Furnace and Miss Hartsock of Ohio, are visiting at the home of Elias Blackburn.

Miss Rhue Hammer of Pittsfield is spending her vacation with home folks.

Four auto loads from Johnstown were calling on friends here last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Stoner of Martinsburg spent a couple of days with friends here last week.

Bedford Gazette

ESTABLISHED IN 1803

VICTOR E. P. BARKMAN
Editor and Publisher

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Regular subscription price per year \$1.50, payable in advance. Card of Thanks, 50c; Resolutions, \$1.00.

All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 28, 1916

Entered at the Post Office at Bedford, Pa., as second class matter.

SPECIAL OFFER

BEDFORD GAZETTE FOR \$1.00

We are making a special offer of \$1.00 for the Bedford Gazette for one year during the Presidential campaign. The offer lasts until November 7th, next and applies to all who subscribe for a year in advance. This does not apply to subscriptions in arrears but applies to all subscriptions due from the first of August, 1916, provided the subscription is paid before November 7th.

Since Roosevelt caved in, the Moose have been floundering around considerably.

Every day throws more light on the manipulation of the Republican primary fight for Congress and the Legislature. The Penrose faction had planned each township minutely and singly. Each paid worker got his instructions as to how many votes he was to deliver for Smith. Letters went out to the Penrose committeemen and in many instances to the Penrose workers to the effect that "we expect you to deliver 20 votes for Smith for the legislature, (or for instance), Monroe was to deliver 40 votes for Smith and Rose, East Providence was to deliver 50 votes for Smith, etc., throughout every district. They dished out the "Kale" and they expected the result. Just how these paid committeemen and paid volunteers could handle the votes is not known but it seemed to work and landed Smith and Gumbo. By this time these sacrifices should know how it was done. All instructions of party leaders were for Smith and Rose. The Brumbaugh element of the party was not considered. The whole party organization worked for Smith and Rose with an ultimate climax to elect Harry C. James as Chairman. The cards were thoroughly stacked against everybody except Penrose men. Each day brings its light.

The U. S. Senate by a vote of 71 to 20 passed the Greater Navy Bill involving an expenditure of \$315,326,843. The bill provides \$45,857,588 more than the House bill. Two Democrats and six Republicans opposed the measure. It authorizes the construction of 157 new ships in three years, including four dreadnoughts and four battle cruisers, to be built at once. In the debate Senator Reed, of Missouri attacked Senator Oliver from Pennsylvania. Senator Oliver is a stockholder in the Bethlehem Steel Company from which the U. S. has been getting its armor plate for years and Oliver and Penrose are trying their utmost to prevent any increase in the navy and the establishing of an armor plate plant by the U. S. Government. That the Steel Company has been making enormous profits off the Government contracts is apparent from the fact that the Company has already agreed to lower the price \$50 a ton and if that is not acceptable, they will allow the Government to name its own price—a rather meek substitution, which amounts to a confession that \$100 to \$450 a ton was excessive beyond reason.

Sulzer Named for President in Hotel Room Convention

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., A number of delegates to the convention of the new American party were protesting against the action of other delegates in nominating William Sulzer, former governor of New York, as candidate for president in a secret meeting at a hotel last Saturday.

The convention had been set for last Tuesday. A score of delegates crowded into the hotel room, and the announcement was given out that a conference on the party platform was being held.

Later, however, Mr. Sulzer appeared before a meeting of the American Federation of Patriotic Societies and announced that he had been nominated for president and that G. G. Pollard of Indiana, had been nominated vice president.

This brings Indiana in the line—fight for one Presidential candidate, Hanley, the Prohibitionist, and then Vice Presidential candidates, Marshall, Democratic, Fairbanks, Republican, and Pollard, American. New York has two candidates for President, Hughes and Sulzer.

Deeds Recorded.

Elizabeth Weyant to Ira Emeigh, lot in Kimmell; \$250.
Commodore G. Ayl et al to Wm. E. May, lot in Everett; \$1100.
Charles L. Boor et al to Daniel C. Cypher, lot in Everett; \$250.
Wm. E. May et al to Sarah Cypher, lot in Everett; \$875.
Watson M. Figard to J. H. Stuller et al, lot in Broad Top; \$1300.

Friend's Cove Lutheran Charge

A. B. Miller, Pastor.
St. James—Catechetical class Saturday, at 2 p. m. Sunday School, Festival, Saturday evening, Preaching, Sunday, at 2.30.
Bald Hill—Sunday School, Sunday morning, at 9. Preaching, at 10.
St. Mark's—Sunday School, Sunday morning, at 9.30.

Catarhhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure catarhhal deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. Catarhhal deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Many cases of deafness are caused by catarhhal, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Catarhhal Deafness that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars free. All Druggists, 75c.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.
July 7, 1m.

HYNDMAN

Mrs. B. V. Poole has returned to her home here, after spending the past eight months in Pittsburgh.

The Misses Miller of Connellsville are visiting Mrs. Charles Dwyer.

The Misses Luman of Philadelphia are visiting their mother on Second Ave.

Mrs. C. Purbough and son, Lester of Connellsville visited at the home of G. G. Kinton from Saturday until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnard and son, Walter spent Thursday at Dry Ridge. Mrs. Margaret Chamberlain of Well's Valley visited her cousin, Mrs. G. G. Kinton, Second avenue recently.

Mrs. G. N. Bingham left for a two week's visit with her daughter of Pittsburgh.

Mrs. S. J. Noel spent the week end with her brother, Charles Dunlap of Frieden, Pa.

Miss Carrie McCreary of Juniata, spent several days with her many friends here. Miss McCreary has taught the first Primary grade of the Hyndman schools for the past six years, and has for the coming term accepted a position as teacher in one of the Altoona schools.

We are glad to note that Mrs. W. S. Madore was able to be brought to her home here last week. We hope for a complete recovery.

Misses Stella Colvin and Blanche McMullen of Schellsburg, spent several days last week with their aunt, Mrs. J. H. Miller on Schellsburg St.

Mrs. J. A. Gaster entertained the Ladies' Organized Bible Class of the M. E. Church Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Knipple of Pittsburgh are visiting Mrs. Knipple's brother, William Knipple.

Mrs. Herman and daughter of Philadelphia are visiting Mrs. Herman's son, Rev. A. J. Herman, pastor of the Reformed church of this place.

The Luman sisters spent last Thursday with their sister, Mrs. John

Lybarger of Fossilville.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Smith of Meyersdale are visiting Mrs. Smith's father, who is critically ill.

Mrs. Nelle Hardman visited her mother, Mrs. Otto Henschke, who is taking treatment in a Baltimore hospital.

Mrs. Emma Hillegass returned home after a two week's visit with friends in Akron, Ohio. Mrs. Hillegass was accompanied home by her daughter, Mrs. Ethel Kepner and little daughter of Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Elizabeth Suder of New Buena Vista, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. William Adams.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Yutzy and Miss Zimmerman of Johnstown motored to Hyndman Friday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Shearer.

Mrs. Mae McCarthy of Pittsburgh and Mrs. Eldon Dobbinis of Oklahoma City, are visiting their mother, Mrs. Sarah Robb on Second Ave.

William Critchfield of Harrisburg is spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Critchfield.

Miss Ida Mitchell of Pittsburgh is spending some time with her mother, Mrs. D. T. Reese.

Mrs. Clarence White and son, Calvin of Llyswen are visiting Mrs. James Ahlborn.

Mrs. Cora Kennell and children of Fairhope, visited Mrs. Rebecca Shoemaker Sunday.

Mrs. Ruth Huston and children are visiting her sister, Mrs. William Hill.

Mrs. Roy Cessna and children of Bedford are visiting Mrs. Chas. R. Rhodes.

Prof. J. M. Watts made a business trip to Fossilville Monday.

Mrs. Gallaher is spending some time with friends at Mountain Lake Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Emerick of Cooks Mills motored to Hyndman on Sunday.

SCHELLSBURG

July 24, 1916.

Misses Adelia and Helen Miller of Hyndman spent several days with their grandmother, Mrs. Louisa Rock. Mrs. Williamson and Mrs. Edward Vaupel and daughter of Baltimore are guests at C. B. Culp's.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Colvin, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Colvin and family spent Sunday with friends at Bradenville.

Wm. Whitmore, who is employed at Pittsburgh, spent a day or so with his mother and sister recently.

Rev. Quinn, Dr. T. S. Taylor and Wm. Schell were in Pittsburgh this week.

The game of baseball between New Paris and our boys on Saturday was spoiled by the rain, but the score stood 2-3 in the 5th inning in favor of our boys.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Shoemaker, and Mrs. Devore of Rockwood called on Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Rock on Friday evening on their way to Hagers-town.

Miss Marie Long, who graduated

at the Avalon high school is home. Miss Margaret Jamison of Johnstown is visiting her.

O. J. Kimmel and family of Stoyestown called on Misses Stella Colvin and Maude Beaver on Sunday on their way home from the Bedford Springs. Miss Marion Kimmel was a student with them at Juniata College.

Miss Bertha Shull is visiting relatives at Seward.

Mrs. A. B. Ross and daughter Gertrude of Huntingdon are visiting Mrs. L. A. Ross.

Miss Lou Shaffer of Frostburg is the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. L. Van Ormer.

Miss Florence Poorman returned from a visit at Somerset.

Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Shoemaker visited at Somerset last week.

C. J. Potts of Altoona gave a very good temperance talk in the M. E. Church Sunday evening.

The sound of the threshing machine is heard in our section. W. F. Schell being in the lead.

NEW PARIS

Prof. S. H. Koontz and wife of Bedford were visitors in our vicinity on Monday.

Mrs. Charles Ling and son Robert of Johnstown have been spending a few weeks in our vicinity.

Frank Otto and family of Johnstown were the guests of James B. Beckley and wife on Sunday.

Misses Charlotte and Pearl Patterman of Johnstown were visitors in our village during the past week.

William Beckley and family of Johnstown were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Barefoot on Sunday.

Mrs. Jerry Otto is visiting relatives at Pittsburgh the home of her son Herbert Otto.

Prof. C. J. Potts delivered a fine talk at this place in the U. B. church under the auspices of the anti-saloon league on Sunday morning.

There will be preaching services on the New Paris charge of the United Brethren in Christ as follows:

Sunday, July 30, at Ryot, 10.30 a. m.; at Stone Church, 3.00 p. m.; at New Paris, 7.30 p. m.; at Helixville, Saturday, July 29, at 7.30 p. m.; at Pleasant Ridge, Tuesday, August 1, at 7.30 p. m.

Samuel Bowden, wife and son and Blaine Barefoot, wife and two sons of Windber were entertained at the home of Fred J. Rock on Sunday. Cal.

Wolfsburg M. E. Charge.

B. F. Hilbish, Pastor.

Sunday, July 30, 1916.—Burning Bush, Sunday School, 9.00; Preaching and 2nd Quarterly Communion, 10. Aims House, Preaching, 3.00. Mt. Smith, Preaching, 7.45.

Trinity Lutheran Church

H. E. Wicand, Pastor.

9.45 a. m. Sabbath School; 11.00 a. m. Public Worship, with sermon theme: Testing our religion. No evening service in this church. Union evening service in this church.

Which costs most—
painting or waiting?

After your house needs painting, every year you wait it will require more paint and more labor to put it in good condition. And every year you wait, your house is worth less. A little paint-money is good paint-insurance.

DEVORE
THE GUARANTEED
LEAD AND ZINC PAINT
FEWER GALLONS - WEARS LONGER



Just as soon as your house needs painting, come in and let us show you how little it will cost you to use DEVORE. We say "DEVORE" because it's absolutely pure. That's why DEVORE takes fewer gallons, wears longer—and costs less by the job or by the year. And that's why we guarantee Devore without reserve.

Metzger Hardware & House Furnishing Co.
BEDFORD, PA.

There are no better Cold Tablets
THAN OUR OWN
They Cure
Sent postpaid for twenty-five cents
Ed. D. Heckerman
The Druggist Bedford, Pa.

**Bargains
In Used Cars**

2 1914 Cadillac Touring Cars.	1 1911 Firestone Columbus
1 1913 Cadillac 7- passenger	Touring car.
Touring car.	1 1916 Crawford Touring car.
1 1912 Cadillac Phaeton	(Practically new)
1 1912 Cadillac Touring car.	1 1914 Lozier Light Four.
1 1912 Stoddard-Dayton, (7-	2 1914 Chalmers Light Sixes.
passenger, 60 h. p.)	1 1912 Abbott-Detroit.
	1 1914 Model B-55 Buick Six.

Will sell at bargain prices for cash and immediate delivery. All will be demonstrated. Most of these cars have been overhauled and repainted; far above the usual run of Used Cars. You must see them to appreciate them.

The Johnstown Automobile Co.
(Used Car Dept.) JOHNSTOWN, PA.

WE PAY IF YOU LIVE OR DIE

Wolfsburg, Pa., June 23, 1916.

Mr. J. Roy Cessna,
Special Agent, Equitable Life Assurance Society,
Dear Sir:—

I am more than pleased and satisfied with the result of my Twenty Year Endowment Policy, which matures today in the Equitable.

Your Company stood good to pay the face of the policy of \$5000.00 in the event of death, and now on the day of maturity hand me check for \$6471.10. I congratulate you upon being in a position to present such a statement to a policyholder and you are at liberty to make such use of this settlement as may seem to you and your Society proper. You may always quote me as a sincere friend and admirer of the Equitable.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) ALVARETTA ARNOLD.

Mann's Choice, Pa., June 14, 1916

Mr. J. Roy Cessna,
Insurance and Real Estate,
Dear Sir:—

Allow me to thank you and the Equitable Life Assurance Society for check for \$1,000.00 in payment of policy No. 1431,973 held by my deceased husband, Frank Bailey.

Mr. Bailey died on June 9th and your Company handed me check on June 14th. I appreciate your promptness.

Yours truly,
(Signed) GRACE V. BAILEY.

OSTERBURG

Mrs. William Kerr of Schellsburg is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. Bruce Croyle of this place.

Mrs. James Martin of Altoona spent the past week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Bowser.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Oster of Altoona were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Oster recently.

Liveryman W. Kerr Bowser is spending the week in Somerset Co. on business.

Sewell Shroyer has made arrangements to take about 20 ladies of this place to Lakemont Park next Thursday in his big truck to attend the Lutheran convention.

Sewell Shroyer, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Martin and Mrs. J. S. Bowser all took dinner at the Colvin hotel in Schellsburg recently.

The Osterburg Cornet Band attended a picnic at East Freedom last Saturday.

The dancing pavillion connected with the Osterburg picnic grounds, has been purchased by H. E. Mason and is being used by him to store his harvest of grain this season.

Rev. and Mrs. J. H. Zinn of this place spent several days in Philadelphia not long since.

Because of a big strike in Norway, prohibition obtains in the country.

B & B
sem:-annual
remnant day
friday=july 28th

Nothing this store does from one end of the year to the other that is done with more care and attention—not even Stock Taking—than this Remnant Day business.

Every stock in every department is gone through thoroughly—and every remnant or part piece is got out and carefully measured up—and ticket with yards and price thereon in plain figures—and in *Red Ink*—and that a price that will do the selling.

Not only Yard Goods—but every Coat and Suit in the house, for Women, Men and Boys, also Children's Dresses that are to be sold—have the same attention and care—and *Red Ink* Prices fixed on all.

Further than this, every odd lot and surplus lot—everywhere in the house—whether it's the top floor or the basement sub-store—whether it's Silks, Laces, Embroideries or Novelties, Women's Blouses, Muslin Underwear, and even Shoes, Silverware and Jewelry, Lace Curtains or Rugs—and everything else, of whatever kind or character, that we want sold—the same thorough and determined purpose is carried out—and prices that will produce results.

This July, 1916 Semi-Annual Remnant Day is to be one of the great days—like they have been for over forty years—and done in the most positive and decisive manner.

Boggs & Buhl.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Annual : Summer : Clearance : Sale

of Women's and Misses' Coats, Suits, Dresses, Skirts, Waists, Underwear, &c.
Men's, Boys', Girls' and Women's Shoes, Oxfords, &c.

Sale now going on and will continue until Augst 12, inclusive

This is YOUR chance to buy new Summer Merchandise at Greatly Reduced Prices

All Men's and Boys' Summer Clothing at Special Low Prices during this sale

Children's Black and Tan Ribbed Hose 09c
Children's Rompers at 19c and 39c

Men's Straw Hats at One-Half Price

\$1.50 Hats 75c
\$2.00 Hats \$1.00
\$2.50 Hats \$1.25
\$4.00 Panama Hats \$2.45
\$5.00 Panama Hats \$2.95
Tennis Oxfords for Men and Women at 69c
Boys' Tennis Oxfords 59c

Middies for Women and Misses

\$1.00 Middies 85c
One special lot of \$1.00 Middies 79c
50c Middies 39c

Sweaters

\$2.50 All Wool Sweaters, all colors \$1.95
\$3.00 Sweaters \$2.45
\$3.50 Sweaters \$2.85

Children's Coats

\$4.00 Coats \$1.95
\$5.00 Coats \$2.95
\$6.00 Coats \$3.95

Ladies' Coats and Suits at Less than One-Half Price

\$ 7.00 Coats \$2.95
\$ 8.50 Coats \$3.95
\$10.00 Coats \$4.45
\$15.00 Coats \$6.95
\$16.00 Coats \$6.95
\$12.00 Suits \$4.95
\$16.00 Suits \$6.95
\$18.00 Suits \$8.95

Girls' Wash Dresses at 39c and 79c

\$2.50 Nurses' Cushion Sole Shoes \$1.95

Skirts for Women and Misses

\$3.00 Skirts, all colors \$1.95
\$4.50 Skirts \$3.45
\$5.50 Skirts \$4.45
\$6.50 Skirts \$4.95

Dresses

\$8.00 Silk Poplin Dresses, all colors \$4.95
\$12.00 Taffeta Dresses \$6.95
\$15.00 Taffeta and Crepe de Chine Dresses \$8.95

Silk Petticoats

\$3.50 Silk Petticoats \$2.45
\$2.50 Silk Petticoats \$1.95
\$1.25 Sateen Petticoats 85c
50c Cotton Petticoats 39c

Women's White Voile Dresses

\$5.50 Misses' White Voile Dresses \$3.95
\$6.50 White Voile Dresses \$4.45
\$8.00 White and Stripe Voile Dresses \$4.95

Women's Wash Skirts at a Big Saving

\$1.00 Wash Skirts 85c
\$1.25 Wash Skirts 95c
\$1.50 Wash Skirts \$1.15
\$2.00 Wash Skirts \$1.45
\$3.50 Wash Skirts \$2.05

Women's 35c Silk Hose, all colors 21c

Women's \$1.00 House Dresses 79c

Women's Hose

50c Silk Hose, all colors 39c
\$1.00 Silk Hose, all colors 89c
25c Lisle Hose 21c
15c Black, Tan and White Hose 11c

150 pairs La France Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps, mostly small sizes \$1.95

White Underwear for Women at Special Prices

\$1.00 White Petticoats 89c
50c White Petticoats 39c
35c Corset Covers 21c
50c Corset Covers 39c
\$1.25 Envelope Chemise 89c
65c Envelope Chemise 39c
\$1.25 Printzess Slips 89c
15c Vests 09c
25c Vests 19c
25c Union Suits 19c
50c Union Suits 39c

Raincoats

\$4.00 Raincoats, extra special \$1.95
\$5.50 Raincoats \$4.45
\$1.75 Linen Dusters \$1.35
\$1.25 Linen Dusters 95c

10 doz. Women's \$1.00 and \$1.25 Wash Waists 85c

6 doz. \$2.50 Silk and Crepe de Chine Waists \$1.09

White Pumps and Shoes for Women

\$1.50 White Colonial Pumps 98c
\$2.50 White Pumps \$1.85
\$2.50 White Duck Shoes \$1.69
\$3.00 White Buck Shoes \$1.95

Shoes for Men, Women and Children

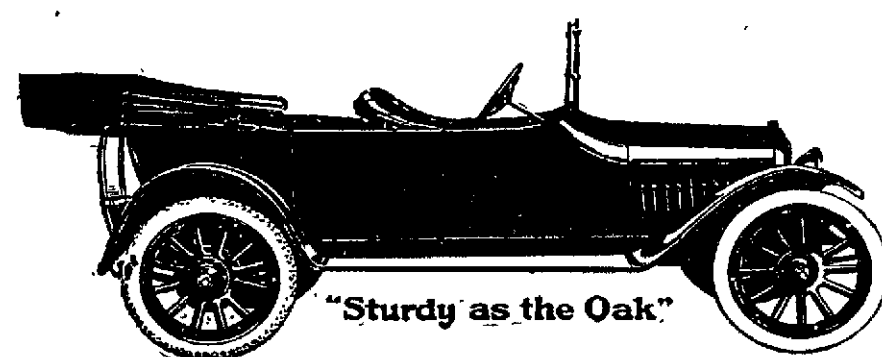
Lot of Men's \$2.50 Work Shoes \$1.95
Lot Men's \$3.50 Dress Shoes \$2.95
One lot Men's \$4.00 Oxfords \$2.95
One lot Men's White Canvass Oxfords 95c
Women's \$1.50 Julietts 98c
Women's \$2.50 Shoes \$1.95
Women's \$2.50 Colonials \$1.95
Women's \$3.00 Shoes and Colonial Pumps \$2.35
Women's White Duck, Rubber Sole Sport Oxfords \$1.15
Lot Women's \$3.50 and \$4.00 La France Oxfords and Pumps \$2.45
Boys' \$2.50 Shoes \$1.95
Boys' \$3.00 Shoes \$2.45
Girls' \$2.00 Pumps, Gun Metal and Patent \$1.65
One lot Children's Pumps and Shoes 98c and \$1.39
Children's White Shoes and Pumps 85c and 95c
Barefoot Sandals for Children at 89c and 98c

HAROLD S. SMITH CO., Bedford

BOTH PHONES

MAIL ORDERS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION

Oakland "Six" \$795 Fully Equipped



"Sturdy as the Oak"

Condensed Specifications.

BODY—Five-passenger touring car, two-passenger roadster.
MOTOR—Oakland-Northway, six-cylinder.
FRAME—Pressed steel.
FRONT AXLE—I-beam, drop forged.
REAR AXLE—Full-floating, one bearing.
SPRINGS—Front, Semi-elliptic; Rear, Three-quarters elliptic, underslung.
COOLING—Circulating, centrifugal pump and fan.
OILING—Circulating splash system, sight feed on dash.
CARBURETOR—Marvel.
CLUTCH—Cone type, ball bearing release shoe.
TRANSMISSION—Sliding gear, selective type.
STARTING, LIGHTING AND IGNITION—Remy.
STORAGE BATTERY—Willard.
DRIVE—Hotchkiss.
BRAKES—Service, external contracting; emergency, internal expanding.
STEERING GEAR—Irreversible type, 17-inch steering wheel.
CONTROL—Center, ball type, left-hand drive.
WHEELS—Artillery type, demountable rim.
TIRES—32x3½, non-skid on rear.
WHEELBASE—110 inches.
GASOLINE SYSTEM—Oakland-Stewart Vacuum System, gas-line tank in rear.
TANK CAPACITY—Gasoline, 12 gallons; Oil, 1 gallon.
TRIMMING—Genuine machine buffed leather.

J. H. WALTMAN, Agent
Bedford, Pa.

GET THE FLY

And improve the condition and add to the Profits of your Horses, Dairy Cows, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep and all Live Stock. STANDARD FLY-SHY IS THE BEST Preparation to Protect your Live Stock. We are agents for all Standard Goods. If it is labeled Standard you will know it is Right and it can be bought at

JOHN R. DULL, Druggist,

Bedford, Pa.

SPECIAL EXCURSIONS to Bedford, Hollidaysburg and Altoona

FOR LAKEMONT PARK
THE PLEASURE RESORT OF THE ALLEGHENIES

Sundays, August 6 and 27.

SPECIAL TRAIN will be run and Excursion Tickets sold at the low fares quoted from the stations named.

	Special Train Leaves	Excursion Bedford	Fares Altoona
Cumberland	8 00 A. M.	\$1.00	\$1.50
*State Line	8 15 "	.90	1.40
*Cooks Mills	8 21 "	.85	1.35
Hyndman	8 29 "	.75	1.25
*Wills Creek	8 31 "	.75	1.25
Fossilville	8 36 "	.70	1.20
*Madley	8 41 "	.60	1.16
*Bard	8 45 "	.60	1.10
Buffalo Mills	8 49 "	.55	1.05
*Sulphur Springs	8 55 "	.50	1.00
Mann's Choice	8 59 "	.....	1.00
*Napier	9 04 "	.....	1.00
*Wolfsburg	9 14 "	.....	1.00
Bedford	9 20 "	.....	.95
*Chalybeate	9 26 "	.....	.90
*Younts	9 29 "	.....	.85
*Hughes	9 33 "	.....	.80
*Smiths Crossing	9 37 "	.....	.75
Cessna	9 42 "	.....	.70
Fishertown	9 47 "	.....	.65
Reynoldsdale	9 52 "	.....	.60
Osterburg	9 57 "	.....	.55
Imler	10 04 "	.....	.50
Queen	10 12 "	.....	.50
Claysburg	10 21 "	.....	.40
East Freedom	10 21 "	.....	.....
Hollidaysburg	Arrive 10.40	.....	.....
Altoona	Arrive 10.55	.....	.....

No Agent at this station; excursion tickets will be sold on train.
RETURNING Leaves Altoona 7.05 p. m., Hollidaysburg 7.20 p. m. Bedford 8.48 p. m.

ELECTRIC CARS BETWEEN HOLLIDAYSBURG AND ALTOONA AND LAKEMONT PARK.
Running Time 15 Minutes, with frequent service. Fare 5 cents.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK SCHELLBURG, PENNA.

The small bank with the big backing
3% Compound interest paid **3%**
on time deposits
You can open a Savings or Checking
account with us with \$1.00
Your Patronage is Invited.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE GAZETTE

Look To The Future

Teach your children the value of money by encouraging them to save systematically and to deposit regularly in a strong, interest paying bank, like this

Start a savings account with this strong bank now and put your surplus money where it will be safe from yourself and from others, who may have designs upon it.

First National Bank

Bedford, Penn'a.

LA FAYETTEVILLE

Quite a few of our folks attended agricultural meeting at New Enterprise last Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Ira Detwiler and two sons of New Enterprise were guests of the former's brother, John Detwiler and family last Sunday. Miss Minnie Reighard spent Saturday and Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Ed. Ebersole near Potter's Creek. Mrs. Harriet Ebersole of Salemville was a pleasant visitor at J. W. Hesel's last Saturday and Sunday. Those who spent last Friday evening at Andrew Lambourn's were: Misses Ruth Ebersole, Grace Settlemyer and Carrie Helsel, Messrs. Hazen Ebersole, Cecil Robinette and Coy Settlemyer. Those who spent Saturday evening at D. R. Settlemyer's were: Misses Mary Lambourn, Carrie Helsel, Quentine Klotz, and Minnie, Grace and Dolly Reighard and Messrs. Charley Reighard and Samuel Lambourn. Miss Quentine Klotz spent Sunday afternoon with her friend, Miss Floy Dimond. Chauncey Imler and family of Potter's Creek accompanied by Harvey Federick and family of this place spent Sunday with relatives in Everett, making the trip in Mr. Imler's car. Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Kagarise and children of Brumbaugh, Harvey Ebersole of near Maria, Sherman Presel of New Enterprise and Miss Sarah Longenecker of Woodbury were visitors at the home of R. H. Pressel last Sunday. Miss Mary Lambourn spent last Saturday and Sunday with her sister Mrs. Jacob Byers at Woodbury.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Reighard and daughter Gertrude, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Reighard and Frank Filler all of Rainsburg and Howard Presel, wife and two children of Waterside were welcome visitors at the home of J. B. Reighard's last Sunday. Miss Ruth Ebersole was a guest of her friend, Grace Settlemyer last Saturday night. Inez Dimond has been ill the past few days from the result of being stung with a wasp which poisoned her. While working in the hay field the other day Mrs. John Detwiler killed a black snake measuring 5 ft. Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Settlemyer and daughter, Grace and son Coy were guests at the home of H. S. Stonerook at Waterside last Sunday. Grace Settlemyer was a guest of her friend Miss Floy Dimond last Saturday afternoon. John Detwiler was a short caller at Calvin Kagarise's Sunday afternoon.

Friend's Cove Reformed Charge

Walter C. Pugh, Pastor
Sunday, July 30.—Union services at Rainsburg, Lutheran church, 10.30 a. m., and Sunday School at Trinity, 2.30 p. m., and Divine Worship, 3.00 p. m. Mrs. E. N. Turner of Canada will preach.

Rainsburg Lutheran Charge

Rev. R. Schluttig, Pastor.
A Union Service will be held in the Lutheran church, Rainsburg, on Sunday morning, at 10.30. Subject of the sermon, "God's Providence." Every member of the different churches is cordially invited to attend. There will be a service at the Old Brick Church, Friend's Cove, Sunday afternoon, 2.30.

16-DAY SEASHORE VACATION EXCURSIONS

THURSDAYS
August 3, 17 and 31

Atlantic City, Cape May
Wildwood, Holly Beach, Angelsea, Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon, Stone Harbor, N. J., Rehoboth, Del., and Ocean City, Md.

Asbury Park, Long Branch
Ocean Grove, Belmar, Spring Lake, Sea Girt, Deal Beach, Point Pleasant, and Bay Head.

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INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By E. O. SELLERS, Acting Director of the Sunday School Course of the Moody Bible Institute, Chicago.
(Copyright, 1916, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR JULY 30

"THE WORD OF THE CROSS."

LESSON TEXT—I Cor. 1:1; 2:5. Print 1-18-22.

GOLDEN TEXT—Far be it from me to glory, save in the cross of our Lord Jesus Christ.—Gal. 6:14.

Paul's letter to the church at Corinth was written from the city of Ephesus some four of five years after Paul had left Corinth. We have seen some of the difficulties which surrounded this church. It was a small body of believers in a great city of four hundred thousand. It was surrounded by all kinds of licentiousness and excess so that to maintain a Christian moral ideal was difficult in the extreme. That is why this first epistle has so much to do with church government and such questions as the marriage relation, the conduct of public assemblies, spiritual gifts, the resurrection from the dead, different factions, the love feasts of the rich and the poor, eating meat offered to idols, law suits conducted before the heathen, the Lord's supper and church discipline are discussed. Paul did not himself write the letter. Somewhere acted as his amanuensis. In this letter is the wonderful and immortal love chapter (Ch. 13), and the magnificent resurrection chapter (Ch. 15).

The only unity desirable or possible is that which Christ prayed for (John 17:21). This is not a unity of opinion or of organization, but a unity of purpose and power, the working together of believers in harmony to attain the great purposes of Christianity.

I. The Power and Wisdom of God. (vv. 18-25). To a sin-blinded mind the preaching of the cross is foolishness. Even some professed Christians reject the doctrine of substitution which is found everywhere in the Bible. (Isa. 53:6; Gal. 3:13; 1 Cor. 5:21). If the doctrine of the cross is foolishness to anyone it is to "them that perish." The Jews require a sign (v. 22) but the cross puts them to shame (v. 27). God is made unto us wisdom, not the wisdom of men but the wisdom of the Spirit. It is such preaching as this that is "the power of God." It has proven itself the power of God in our lives. It will "destroy the wisdom of the wise" and "bring to nothing the understanding of the prudent" (Isa. 29:14; cf. Jer. 8:9). God is constantly making foolish the power and wisdom of this world. Philosophic research after the unknowable "tries to make a God of its own pattern but does not satisfy the longings of the human heart," and God through the foolishness of the thing preached is pleased to "save them which believe." The performing of a miracle (Math. 12:38), and the Greeks seeking after wisdom, or philosophical reasoning, is no match for the Christ crucified whom Paul preached.

II. The Preaching and Power of Paul (vv. 26 to Ch. 2:2). Taking the Bible as a whole, we see in it God's plan and purpose with regard to the goal of mankind. The problem was by what means this purpose could be performed. The whole of the Old Testament is a story of God working to this end. Then at the best time in all history came Jesus, the son of God, into the world, and, by his death on the cross and his resurrection, we are all bound together in one, summed up in the cross as the power and the wisdom of God for salvation. The symbol of the cross is a common sight, yet the great truth which it symbolizes is often obscured by scholars, and falls to be lived by disciples. God chooses those whom the world rejects, "the foolish," and whom the world rejects as "the weak." These are the ones that were called even in Paul's day. The purpose of this call is to confound (or to put to shame) the wisdom of men. The most powerful motive in existence is the motive of the cross. (1) The cross is the highest proof and the strongest expression of the love of God for man. (2) The cross was the agent whereby atonement was made for sin. (3) The cross shows us the terrible evils of sin and the demand of such a sacrifice as God's son in order to save us from it. (4) It shows us that God wants us to come to him and to be saved, and that there is joy in heaven over every repentant sinner. (5) It shows the supreme value of right and duty in that Christ went to the cross at the terrible cost of his life. (6) It shows the value of the human soul. (7) From the cross, through the resurrection and the ever-living Saviour, God has given us the fullness of the Spirit to inspire and transform.

We are nothing in ourselves, and God has made Christ unto us "wisdom and righteousness," that is, God's righteousness is provided for us in Christ (1 Cor. 5:21; Rom. 5:1; Phil. 3:9 R. V.); also sanctification and redemption, that is, we are separated from the world unto God and in him we are redeemed from sin and its consequences.

There is left no room for glorying in ourselves.

This was the preaching upon which Paul depended, not upon rhetoric nor philosophy nor argument with which to convict and convert men.

WILSON'S ADMINISTRATION

The "Worst Since Buchanan's" or the "Best Since Lincoln's"?

Mr. Roosevelt assures us that Mr. Wilson's Administration has been the worst since Buchanan's. It seems to me, though I'm a Republican, that it has been the best since Lincoln's.

In the first place, Mr. Wilson has got a vast amount of progressive legislation through an often unsympathetic Congress. To others as well as to Mr. Wilson belongs the honor of the agitation which made it possible; to Mr. Wilson almost alone belongs the credit of actual accomplishment. The Republican platform has not dared to attack these measures with any vigor. Those Bull-Moose leaders who are trying to swing their followers to Mr. Hughes are also silent on this score, for they realize that Mr. Wilson has come as near fulfilling Bull-Moose desires here as Mr. Roosevelt could have done.

In the second place, Mr. Wilson has had the courage to take a stand on the Mexican question which, while statesmanlike, could win him no immediate approval. Instead of recognizing Huerta and thus giving official sanction to the corporation-plunder scheme which has ravaged all Latin America, he was democratically enough to side with the insurgents. Instead of invading Mexico when insulted by either side, he was big enough to remember the littleness of the country from which the insults came and to give it every chance to work out its salvation unhindered. A property worshipper would have recognized Huerta; a demagogue would have waved the flag and ordered war; what Mr. Wilson did was the act of a democrat. If we fight now, it will be with the sympathy of the rest of Latin America. Mr. Wilson has gone far to recreate the Pan-Americanism of Blaine, which Roosevelt destroyed from the time when he took Panama.

In the third place, Mr. Wilson has kept us at peace with Europe without compromising our honor. He has not been more patient than firm; he has not been slower than he has been sure; he has kept himself above popular lethargy with respect to our honor as well as above popular passion in moments of tenseness. His is a statesman's head and a soldier's heart. Without surrendering a right, he has kept us at peace, and this is his greatest accomplishment.

Finally, Mr. Wilson has given us in his own self a new and higher type of public servant. The weakness of our public men has been their one-sidedness. If, like Bryan or Roosevelt, they have had popular sympathies, they have lacked judgment. If, like Root, they have had judgment, they have lacked popular sympathies. Mr. Wilson, like Lincoln, has combined these qualities. An idealist's heart is his and a practical head. From no other has come such permanent inspiration to the youth of America in politics. Mr. Hughes is a man of much the same type. But why supplant the original with an imperfect approach to it?

WILSON REPUBLICAN.

EXTRACTS FROM WILSON'S SPEECHES

"Force will not accomplish anything that is permanent. I venture to say, in the great struggle which is now going on on the other side of the sea. The permanent things will be accomplished afterward when the opinion of mankind is brought to bear upon the issues, and the only thing that will hold the world steady is this same silent, insistent, all-powerful opinion of mankind. Force can sometimes hold things steady until opinion has time to form but no force that was ever exerted, except in response to that opinion was ever a conquering and predominant force."

—O—O—
"There are some gentlemen who are under the delusion that the power of a nation comes from the top. It does not; it comes from the bottom. The power and virtue of the tree does not come from the blossom and the fruit down into the roots, but it comes from the roots in the obscure passages of the earth where the power is derived which displays itself in the blossom and the fruit; and I know that among the silent, speechless masses of the American people is slowly coming up the great sap of moral purposes and love of justice and reverence for humanity which constitutes the only virtue and distinction of the American people."

—O—O—
I am willing, no matter what my personal fortunes may be, to play for the verdict of mankind. Personally, it will be a matter of indifference to me what the verdict of the seventh of November is, provided I feel my degree of confidence that when a later jury sits, I shall get their judgment in my favor. Not in my favor personally—what difference does that make?—but in my favor as an honest and conscientious spokesman of a great Nation."

—O—O—
"You have heard what has just been said about Abraham Lincoln. It is singular how touching every reference to Abraham Lincoln is. It always makes you feel that you wish you had been there to help him in some fashion to fight the battles that he was fighting sometimes almost alone. Could you have predicted, if you had seen Abraham Lincoln's birth and boyhood, where that great ruling figure of the world was going to spring from?"

—O—O—
"The easiest thing is to strike. The brutal thing is the impulsive thing. No man has to think before he takes aggressive action, but before a man really conserves the honor by realizing the ideals of the Nation he has to think exactly what he will do and how he will do it."

—O—O—
"Do you think the glory of America would be enhanced by a war of conquest in Mexico? Do you think that any act of violence by a powerful nation like this against a weak and distracted neighbor would reflect distinction upon the annals of the United States? Do you think that it is our duty to carry self-defense to the point of dictation in the affairs of another people? The ideals of America are written plain upon every page of American history."

Harry Lauder

World-Famous Scotch Comedian, says:

"Tuxedo, for mildness, purity and fragrance, THE tobacco for me. In all my world wide travels I've yet to find its equal as a slow-burning, cool-tasting, sweet-flavored tobacco."

Harry Lauder

He's Searched "The Wide World"

The pipe of this king of laughmakers has left a trail of fragrant smoke clear 'round the world. Why is it he has never found "the equal" of Tuxedo? Because it has no equal—because that famous "Tuxedo Process," that makes Tuxedo mild, cool and non-biting, can't be used in any other tobacco.

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Tuxedo is aged three to five years. But the big secret of that unequalled mildness, coolness and sweet flavor is the genuine "Tuxedo Process." Many have tried to imitate it—no one has succeeded.

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Mrs. John Harnishfager, 313 E. John St., Bedford, says: "I have used Doan's Kidney Pills for backaches and kidney weakness and they have benefited me more than any other medicine I have ever tried. Another one of the family has also used Doan's Kidney Pills and is now entirely free from all symptoms of kidney trouble. We give Doan's Kidney Pills the credit for the benefit received."

The above statement must carry conviction to the mind of every reader. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mrs. Harnishfager had—the remedy backed by home testimony. 50c all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

"When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name."

July 21, 2t.

CHALYBEATE

[Held over from last week.]

July 18, 1916.

Job Imler and daughter, Pauline of Hagerstown, Md., were pleasant callers in our village on last Friday night.

Henry Diehl and daughter, Carrie of Charlesville spent a few hours in our village recently. Jacob Dihert and wife were also visitors in our village.

The following persons spent last Sunday at the home of Wm. W. Devore: Harry Shafer, wife and son, John; Grover Hershberger, wife and daughter, Evelyn; Wm. C. Nave, wife and son Melvin and daughter, Emma, of Centerville.

Edward Gatewood, wife and daughter, after spending a few days in our village with friends returned to their home last week in McMacken, W. Va.

David Hoopengardner, who had been on the sick list for a few days has gone to work again.

Wm. W. Devore is substituting on Route No. 4.

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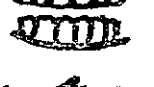
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R. A. STIVER

June 16, 3m.

You don't need a  to find the superior goodness of FIVE BRO'S Long Cut—it sticks out like a sore  Smoke one  of it pack away just one chew behind your wisdom  and you'll  right into line for FIVE BRO'S forever

Smoke up on FIVE BROTHERS and you'll say "Hooray, this is IT!" Then take a man's size chew of it. See how it packs right down solid and firm—see how the rich, sweet juice just pours out of it.

FIVE BROTHERS gives you this big smoke-and-chew satisfaction because it's cool old Kentucky Long Leaf, aged from three to five years to give nature a chance to bring out all the mellow sweetness and the solid, substantial body of the leaf.

Buy a package of FIVE BROTHERS and try it. You'll get an altogether new idea of how much real-tobacco pleasure and satisfaction you can get for your nickel.

FIVE BROTHERS is sold everywhere—get a package today.

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY



The President's Mexican Policy

(Continued From Third Page)

our forces were withdrawn. The occupation of Vera Cruz was carried out without difficulty, with the loss of nineteen of our brave sailors and marines, and if aggression and intervention had been our aim we could have easily seized the railroad to Mexico City and occupied the capital.

"The menacing attitude of the Mexican troops surrounding our forces of occupation at Vera Cruz made hostilities appear imminent, and again the strongest kind of pressure was brought to bear upon the President to intervene, that we should go into Mexico and take matters into our own hands. This is the one thing that the President has set his face against from the first. It is the thing to which this Administration is opposed so long as any other hope holds out."

"But, Mr. Secretary," I asked, "could not the United States have done in Mexico what it did in Cuba?"

Suspicious of Our Motives

"No," said Mr. Lane, "we could not. That is a very common delusion, but the Mexican situation is not at all that which we met in Cuba. We went in there at the request of the revolutionists and after the Maine had been sunk in Havana Harbor and such authority as there was in Cuba had thus evidenced its hostility. We could go in and did go in there with some heart, fighting alongside of the revolutionists against a monarchy, but we could not go in with any heart to fight against the Mexicans who are struggling to find a way to popular government. But to return to the facts: "We had sought to bring to our sympathetic support all of the South American countries. They also were anxious for a settlement of this trouble upon some basis that would safeguard the interests of Mexico and conserve that unity which is the soul of the great Pan-American movement. Some of them thought that they saw a greedy hand from the north reaching down with no benevolent purpose, and if it laid hold of Mexico none of them knew but that it might be their turn next.

"This fear of the big brother is a very real one in Latin America. They do not know us intimately; they are suspicious of our motives. They think of the Mexican War of 1846 as an unjustifiable aggression on our part; they think of the Panama incident as a robbery; they misconstrue our purpose in Santo Domingo, and in Nicaragua, and they do not trust us. They fear that the spirit of imperialism is upon the American people and that the Monroe Doctrine may be construed some day as a doctrine that will give the whole Western Hemisphere to the United States; that it is a doctrine of selfishness and not a doctrine of altruism.

Meditation Accepted

"Those who are familiar with the feeling of the South and Central American countries toward the United States know that just at that time when our forces occupied Vera Cruz, a very intense fear had seized upon Latin America. They believed in their hearts that we were on our march southward and that the President's Mobile speech and other generous utterances of the same sort were to be taken in a Pickwickian sense.

"When they presented a plan of mediation, the United States had no choice but to accept it. Indeed, if we had refused to accept it, Latin America would have been justified in doubting our good faith. No one that I am aware of, either Republican or Democrat, has ever criticized the President for accepting the mediation of Argentina, Brazil and Chile, and abiding strictly by the agreement reached at Niagara Falls.

By the protocols there signed on June 23, 1914, the United States agreed that the selection of a Provisional and a Constitutional President be left wholly to the Mexicans, and we guaranteed our recognition of them, when chosen. This made clear our desire not to interfere in any way in the settlement of Mexico's domestic troubles, and as a further proof of our disinterested friendship for the Mexican people the United States agreed not to claim any war indemnity or other international satisfaction from Mexico. We had gone to Vera Cruz "to serve mankind." Our only quarrel was with Huerta, and Huerta got out on July 16, 1914. Our forces were withdrawn from Vera Cruz on Nov. 23, following.

Three days after Huerta left Mexico Villa began levying taxes on his own authority, and it was plain that the successful revolutionists would soon be fighting between themselves. Both Carranza and Villa agreed to a conference at Aguascalientes, and it was stipulated that no soldiers were to be there; but Villa turned up with an armed force that terrorized the convention and prevented it from recognizing Carranza, and in a short while open warfare began between the two factions.

"Villa and Carranza had broken, and there was a double sovereignty claimed even on our border in Northern Mexico. Things were going from bad to worse, and it was suggested in the Cabinet that there should be some determination by the United States as to which of the rival claimants to power in Mexico as leader of a successful revolution should be recognized as a "de facto" Government.

Why We Are in Mexico

"Secretary of State Lansing thereupon called a conference of the representatives of Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Bolivia, Uruguay and Guatemala and asked them, from their knowledge of the situation—for a considerable portion of the information in the hands of the United

States came through the representatives of these countries in Mexico—to co-operate with him in the determination of the claimant to be recognized. These six Latin-American Catholic countries unanimously recommended the recognition of Carranza, and in furtherance of our Pan-American policy this recognition was at once given by the United States and Latin America.

"Since Carranza's recognition we have seen Americans who have gone into Mexico on peaceful errands murdered; we have seen our own towns upon the border raided and our Americans slain on American soil. These outrages prompted President Wilson to send our own troops into Mexico, and this course cannot be otherwise construed than as a recognition of the fact that the de facto Government in Mexico recognized by ourselves and by other nations is not fulfilling the duty which one Government owes to another.

"We are in Mexico to-day, and how long we shall stay and how far we shall go depends upon the policy and the power to keep the peace of the Carranza Government, but we shall go no further than we have gone until every effort to secure effective Mexican co-operation fails."

Mr. Lane then proceeded to an examination of the principles governing the policy of the United States toward Mexico and of the needs of the Mexican people. He said:

"There are things that a democracy must always be willing to fight for. But what thing is there that any American can say we ought to be willing to fight for in Mexico? Is it because railroads built with American capital have been damaged, that mines have been shut down, or even that American citizens have been killed by outlaws and bandits?"

"All those things we can and do very much regret, but who will say that they are great principles for which a democracy should be willing to sacrifice the blood of its sons? Who can formulate out of the whole history of the past six years any other determination than this: That we should resist the temptation to fight where pride and interest move us in that direction, and that we should and will fight when we are attacked and when we find no other means by which our interests can be safeguarded and Mexico be given any hope for itself?"

"We have been on the edge of war with Mexico several times in the last three years, but each time, before the determination was made that we should discard our hopes, there has opened some way by which reasonable men might expect that Mexico could prove herself able to take care of her own problems. The one man who can justifiably criticize President Wilson for his Mexican policy is the man who honestly believes that Mexico cannot be brought to stability except through the exercise of outside force. That man is inconsistent, and the only criticism I have

to make of him is a criticism of his judgment.

Seeking Mexican Co-Operation
"There is no question that we could easily overrun Mexico. I believe we could do it with a comparatively few men, although we would have a united Mexico against us. There would be no glory in such a war, and there is not one man in ten thousand in this country who really wants such a war. It would be repugnant to every American tradition and would discourage the friendship of every other American nation. Of course we could conquer Mexico, and after a good deal of guerilla warfare we could bring Mexico to a state of quiet."

"Then we could hold her while we administered to her the medicine that we believe she needs. We could have what we call a general cleaning up, the rebuilding of her railroads, of her wagon roads, the construction of sewers for her cities, the enforcement of health regulations and all the other things that go to make up the outward and visible signs of order and good government."

"But don't you see that the peace we would bring would be a peace imposed by force, the government we would give to Mexico would be the kind of government that we have and which makes life tolerable to us in our communities. Its standards would not be Mexican standards, its genius would not be Mexican genius. The moment we withdraw from Mexico there would be a return after a very short time to Mexican standard."

"What Mexico really needs and must be allowed to do is to raise her own standards; it is to give herself a cleaning up by herself. That is bound to take time, but in no other way can Mexico get a government that will be expressive of her own ideals, that would be expressive of some aspiration of her own as to what her civilization should be, and in this we want to be of help to Mexico if she will allow us to do so."

"The Mexican problem as a problem depends upon your attitude toward other peoples. Mexico is a land to conquer, and the Mexican people are a people to be conquered and subordinated and the country and its resources made ours, if you look upon a smaller and less highly civilized country as a proper object of exploitation. On the other hand, Mexico is a country out of which something greater can be made, and the Mexican people are a people who have possibilities and can be helped to be a self-governing nation, and if you take that attitude toward Mexico you are bound to sympathize with their struggle upward."

"In other words, where we find that conditions justify revolution, if we think it our business to go in and work the revolution to our profit, we must condemn the President's policy; but if, where we find conditions justify revolution, we want to give that revolution a chance to work out from the inside, we must hold up his hands."

"What are the things that Mexico needs, Mr. Secretary?" I asked.

"What is necessary for a return to peace and order?"

Mr. Lane said: "The things that Mexico needs are few, but they are fundamental. A land-tax system which will make it impossible to hold great bodies of idle land for selfish reasons and which will make it unnecessary for the Government to sell concessions in order to support itself. A school system by which popular education may be given to all the people as it is given in the United States. If Diaz had done this, as he promised, he would have created an active public opinion in Mexico which would have made present conditions impossible."

"Along with the primary schools go agricultural schools in which modern methods of agriculture should be taught. The army might well be used as a sanitation corps so as to insure against the recurrence of those plagues which so effect trade relations with Mexico and the health of her people. With these things Mexico would be well started on her way toward that better era which her more intelligent revolutionists thought she had reached in the early days of the Diaz Administration, some forty years ago."

Unjust Land System

"Every one in Mexico is united upon the proposition that the present land system is based upon privilege and is unjust. I have talked with twenty of the wealthiest and most intelligent men who belonged to the Diaz regime. All have admitted the fact. Some have even volunteered the statement that Mexico is in a feudal state, and that the land belongs to great proprietors, who work the peons and keep them in a semi-slave condition. If the facts were better realized, the people of the United States would not stand for the labor conditions that exist in Mexico, and for the peonage, which is only a form of slavery. I have some personal knowledge of these conditions."

"One morning, ten years ago, I was on a coffee finca—a great estate high up in the Sierra Madre—and I asked a peasant who labored from sunrise to sunset what he was getting for his day's work. His answer was 60 cents in Guatemalan money, which is equal to 10 cents gold. Here was a strong, able-bodied agricultural laborer earning \$3 a month. I asked him why he did not go down to the railroad, where the American contractors would pay him 50 cents or more a day. His answer was: 'I would not be from here one mile before Don Porfirio would have reached out his hand and draw me back to jail.' I said, 'Why could he arrest you?' and the answer given me flatteringly and in fear was, 'Because I owe the store.'"

"He lived and worked on that finca for twelve years, and, alive or dead, he is there to-day unless he has run away to join an army in the revolution. I asked that Mexican peon where he had come from, and he pointed across the mountains to a valley where his people had lived for a thousand years. 'Why did you leave there?' I inquired. His answer was that Don Porfirio had given the land where he was born to a Chinaman."

"From an investigation I made myself I found out that this was literally true; that the land, which was the hereditary possession of these Indians, had been taken from them by the Government and given to a greater 'company' on terms which one can only guess; that the 'company' had sold the land to a syndicate, in which there were no Americans, upon condition that it should be populated under a law somewhat similar to our Homestead Law, with the reservation that it was neither to go to Mexican natives nor to citizens of the United States, and the immigrants with which the syndicate was populating that part of Mexico were Chinamen."

"I crossed a bridge on the Camino Real. The last time I crossed that bridge, said the peon who was with me, the Governor of the State was lying there dead. He had become ambitious and presented to the people a programme of reform. Doubtless he hoped to be another Juarez, and Don Porfirio had ended his ambitions. The peon of Mexico—and out of possibly fifteen millions inhabitants at least twelve million are peons—is a kindly and gentle creature under normal conditions, disregardful of his own life, but not anxious to make war on any one. The peon has it forced upon his mind that he belongs to a definite sphere of life, and so he is without ambition and without foresight, but he is not without intelligence, and he makes an excellent workman when taught. All he needs is a chance to live and a chance to learn, land to cultivate and schools to go to. Is it conceivable that to add to the miseries of these struggling people any American citizen would want to make war on them?"

American in Mexico
"We of the United States have the impulse that all virile people have. We feel conscious of our ability to do a job in nation-making much better than any one else. Read over Kipling's poem, 'The White Man's Burden.' It was not so much the white man's duty to clean up unsanitary conditions on the outskirts of civilization and to develop the backward peoples of the earth that he was expressing as it was our perfect, self-complacent appreciation of our supreme ability to do the cleaning up better than any other people on the face of the globe."

"There is a good deal of the special policeman, of the sanitary engineer, of the social worker and of the welfare dictator about the American people. We are quite conscious that in the development of this great country of ours, in our march across the continent, we have done a perfectly good job, and the pioneering spirit is very much alive. It is one of the most fundamental instincts that have made white men give to the world its history for the last thousand years."

"As a great Nation, dedicated to democracy, we cannot undertake a war of conquest against a people because their moral development has been neglected by their former rulers. We can, however, insist, and we must insist, that these people shall make safe our borders and give protection to the lives and property of our nationals who have settled in Mexico at her invitation."

"But is there no way, Mr. Secretary, in which the United States can help Mexico on the road to progress?" I asked.

"To directly offer help to Mexico would be looked upon by them as an insult, like slapping them in the face. This is a kind of pride that is purely Latin. It is an inheritance that comes to Mexico by way of Spain along with the ideals that Cervantes ridicules in 'Don Quixote'; but it is so real a thing that no progress can be made without recognizing it. So I say that to tell Mexico what she shall do in our straight-out American fashion, to say to Mexico we are going to help you without being invited to do so, is equivalent to imposing conditions to a declaration of war."

Doubt Our Altruism

"The Mexicans do not believe in our professions of altruism. We must say to Mexico one of two things. Either you must keep our border safe and protect the rights of our nationals in Mexico, which you have not done, or we will invade your country and restore order ourselves; or we must say to Mexico we understand the effort you are making to give the people a chance for life, liberty and pursuit of happiness and we will gladly help you if you ask our help to accomplish this end."

"The last is the policy that the United States has been seeking to put into effect. The difficulty in doing this arises almost solely out of the difficulty we Americans have in persuading the peoples of Latin America that our intentions are really honest. "Nor is this altogether to be wondered at. Latin America has known the American chiefly as a seeker after concessions, a land grabber and an exploiter. Even where the American has bought property, as many have who to-day hold perfectly legal title to the land, they are absentee landlords, and every just criticism that the Irishman has had to make against the absentee English landlord can be made against the absentee American landlord in Mexico."

"He does not become a part of Mexico; he does not throw in his lot with the Mexicans. He is willing to spend his money there and employ labor, but he has nothing in common with the people of the country. The Mexican feels that the American goes there only to get rich out of the land and labor of Mexico; that he comes to exploit, not to develop."

Policy of Force Inadequate
Mr. Lane had been standing on the raised veranda of his camp overlooking the placid waters of Lake Chaplain. "There are just two more things that I want to say," he continued. "There has never been a time since the United States established the present Mexican border under the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo when raids, small or great, have not taken place across that border, and sometimes Americans have been the raiders—we may as well acknowledge the fact. Furthermore, there never has been a time since the United States was founded when Mexico

itself was as a whole in the control of any one Government. Even Diaz never had the Yaqui Indian country, never really controlled Sonora."

"A police force alone has been a failure in Mexico, a failure both as far as the Mexicans are concerned and in protecting American life and American property. American life and American property have both been repeatedly assailed and destroyed during every Administration. The protection of our people there has always been a problem, and I believe always will be a problem. This hazard any foreigner takes who goes into a country filled with people who would risk their lives for a horse or a saddle."

"Further, I say this: That looking at Mexico solely from the standpoint of allowing our miners, our engineers and our capitalists to develop that country for their own benefit, and only incidentally for the benefit of Mexico, a policy of force is all that Mexico needs. It is the only policy that has even been tried upon the Mexican people, and it has proved a success for the exploitation of the country by outsiders. If, however, we look at the Mexican question from the standpoint of the Mexican, is the policy of force adequate to the problem? No one who has studied it will say so. The truth is this:

The Verdict of Mankind
"Mexico will never be a nation in any real sense, nor will the Mexicans ever be a people of agricultural, commercial, industrial or political consequence until the individual Mexican has had an economic and an educational chance. He must be tied to Mexico, and not be a landlord, by the ownership of a piece of land; he must be able to read and write so that he may know what the needs of civilization are. The policy is that which I characterized as a policy of hope and hopefulness. It is not founded on doubt and despair. It refuses to recognize the Mexican who can only be slung into keeping order."

"If we despair of these people, who is to be their friend? Are we Americans to see Mexico forever remain a land of a few rich and cultivated gentlemen, and twelve million half-starved, ill-clothed and illiterate peasants, men, women and children, kept in slavery and subjection and ignorance, a people into whose lives comes nothing that raises them above the beasts of the field?"

"The people of the United States cannot conceive of such conditions. Is it not time to try another policy than that of force alone, which has failed so miserably and wrought such woe? Is President Wilson to be criticised because he believes that it is not idealistic, not outside the range of reasonable hope, to think of America as the helpful friend of Mexico? Why may not Mexico be led to see that we are honest in our willingness to help and that we can do it?"

"President Wilson has clearly seen the end that he desired from the first and he has worked toward it against an opposition that was cunning and intensive, persistent and powerful. If he succeeds in giving a new birth of freedom to Mexico, he most surely will receive the verdict of mankind."

INFECTED PIECE OF NATURE

Little Talks on Health and Hygiene by Samuel G. Dixon, M. D., LL. D., Commissioner of Health.

Our streams once undefiled by man ran from the mountains to the sea in all of Nature's purity. They ran through our valleys and meadows in all their pristine beauty and offered to all animate nature that which would innocently quench the thirst of man and beast and help their lives. Today it is not so. Man relentlessly regardless of his brother's down stream now throws his waste and that of domestic animals into the waters flowing nearest his home.

In that with which Nature has endowed much of our territory more richly than many other countries, we now find lurking poison has been hidden, in some cases only to be seen by the aid of the microscope.

Now is the season when we travel through the country to be happy and lay up energy and strength for the toil of the coming winter. Alas! The want of intelligence and care makes us deaf to the teaching of preventive medicine and we quench our thirst at the stream we run across regardless of its purity, and often the sparkling tumbler of water is only to be compared with the draught of the deadly hemlock. The parched lips have been moistened and the thirst satisfied but the day of judgment too often comes bringing the development of typhoid fever which in years past we could only compare with some of the plagues that ravaged our ancient cities.

Those of us who collect, tabulate, and have ever before us the statistics that show the suffering and sorrow that still continues from typhoid fever, beg you to awaken to that which causes so much distress. By proper care it can be avoided.

Never drink out of an unknown surface stream. When traveling see that pure water is carried along as well as food, otherwise the harvest of sickness and death will follow and defeat the object of summer vacations.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

"Shadow-Dancing" By Ex-Bull Moose

Decided by Colby
"Shadow-dancing" and "pantomimic endorsements" of Mr. Hughes by "Hop-o'-my-thumb committiesmen" must not be taken too seriously by Chairman Wilcox of the Republican national committee in the judgment of Bainbridge Colby, New York lawyer who placed Roosevelt's name in nomination at the Progressive national convention in Chicago last month. "The Progressives of the country cannot be delivered," says Colby. "In my opinion, the majority of the Progressives, unable to support a candidate of their own, will turn to President Wilson on his record of achievement and nothing can prevent them."

Wanted, For Sale, For Rent, Etc.,

RATES—One cent per word for each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents. Subscribers living in Bedford County who have paid in advance are entitled to two insertions free, providing they are brief.

Wanted—A teacher for grammar grade school at Hopewell, Pa. S. E. Gates, Secretary. July 21, 21.

For Sale—Two lots with 6-room house in good condition. Apply to Margaret E. Gillespie, Bedford, Pa. July 28, 4t.

For Sale—A fine Brick House and lot in the Borough of Mann's Choice, Pa. Call on or address, H. W. Holler, Mann's Choice, Pa.

For Sale—Nine room bungalow. New, modern. Cash bargain. Apply D. M. Shaffer, Juliana St., Bedford, Pa. July 7, 3t.

For Sale—The Gazette has a good water motor for sale. If you have a sufficient force of water, this motor would be cheaper than a gasoline engine. Come to see it.

For sale—Well bred good sized pony, fine for either saddle or driving, with complete outfit. At very much under value. Address Mrs. M. Eitcain, New Paris, Pa. June 9, 8t.

Wanted—Several men to work around furnace plant, unload stock; load pig iron, help in casthouse, machinist and carpenter gangs; pull coke, etc. Good wages. Apply Colonial Iron Co., Riddlesburg, Pa. April 28, 1t.

The Colonial House, on the Public Square, opened on Saturday, May 15, for boarders and roomers. Commercial men will find it a home. All modern conveniences.
W. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
28 May, 1t.

Garst



Registered in U. S. Patent Office.
For removing iron rust, ink, fruit and medicine stains from clothing, marble, etc.

Directions—Rub a little on the spot to be removed, let it remain until dry, then wash and rinse.

ROSS A. SPRIGGS
E. John St., Bedford, Pa.

Crystal Springs Camp Opens
Crystal Springs Camp Meeting will open August 15th for 11 days. Tents for rent, good hotel accommodations at reasonable price. It is a good place to go to be spiritually as well as physically benefited. Address Rev. D. J. Frum, Brezewood, Pa. July 28, 2t.

SPRING HOPE

Mrs. Wesley Deremer of Canton, Ohio, is visiting her brother, Harry Burns and family near this place.

Mrs. George Leppert has been ill for the past several weeks, although she is about the house.

Jason Blackburn, wife and daughter of Osterburg and Eli Blackburn, wife and child of Fishertown spent Sunday with the former's father, Rhos Blackburn, who has been suffering for some time with a very sore foot, and at present is no better.

George Keller, who has been working at Altoona and Johnstown for some time is home.

Charley Pensyl and family visited at the home of John Pensyl near this place on Sunday.

Cal. King of Altoona called on friends here the first of the week.

Mrs. Susan Moorehead of Cumberland is visiting friends and relatives here. Mrs. Moorehead is a sister of our fellow townsman Wm. A. Hoover and was a former resident of near this place.

Mrs. Isaac Blackburn, Mrs. Harry Hoover, Misses Cora and Nettie Fisher and Ellen Blackburn attended the Baptist reunion at Lakemont Park on Thursday last.

Mrs. Ray Hillegass of Philadelphia is spending some time with her father and mother, Mr and Mrs. Enos Blackburn.

Ed. McCreary, wife and children of Sharon, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Pensyl.

The first threshing of the season around here was done by Pierre Hersberger for Rush Fetterman on last Wednesday. He had 52 bushels of wheat from two acres of ground.

Our Band has accepted the invitation to play for the Union Sunday School Picnic at Fishertown on August 12.

CHALYBEATE

Last Saturday evening, about half past eleven, as John H. Beegle and Ross Stayer of Pleasant Valley were on their way home from Bedford their harness broke as they were going down the hill near Wm. Hartzell's and the horse began to kick and run. The buggy was wrecked and the occupants thrown out, fortunately both escaping with a few scratches and bruises. The horse was caught a short distance from the wreck.

The many friends of Miss Myra Diehl of Pleasant Valley gave her a pleasant surprise on Saturday evening, it being her eighteenth birthday anniversary. There were a large number of persons present, and all enjoyed the occasion. Delicious refreshments were served at a late hour. Miss Diehl received many beautiful and useful presents.

Dunning's Creek Reformed Church

J. H. Dorman, Pastor
Sunday, July 30.—St. Luke's Fishertown, Sunday School, 9 a. m., Preaching, 10 a. m. St. Paul's, Cessna, Sunday School, 1 p. m., Preaching, 2 p. m.

MONEY IN THE SAVINGS BANKS

It is reported that the people of the United States now have on deposits in savings banks 4 billion, 607 and a half million dollars.

Open a Savings Account

We pay 3% interest per year on savings accounts, compounded every three months.

Hartley Banking Co.

BEDFORD, PA.

The Old Reliable

JUNIATA COLLEGE

Forty years of successful history and usefulness.

Nine buildings of brick and stone with modern equipment, on grounds of twenty three acres.

New Science Hall with laboratories of Physics, Biology, Chemistry and Home Economics.

Faculty of College and University trained teachers chosen for their scholarship and teaching power.

Eight courses of study leading to diploma.

The spirit of the College is cultural and Christian.

Its aims are practical; vocational studies emphasized.

Spanish will be made elective with French and German in 1916-17.

Dormitory life. Gymnasium and Athletics. Emphasis on Public Speaking, Strong record in intercollegiate debate. And important for most parents and for the self-supporting boy or girl—rates quite moderate. Write for catalog. Tell of the course of study in which you are interested.

I. HARVEY BRUMBAUGH, President
Huntingdon, Pa.
July 28, 6t.

Ask for a copy of our Complete Travel Guide

It will assist you to plan your Vacation Itinerary

Free application
A. O. Tallent, G. A.
525 Smithfield St.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Evening Base Ball

When there is an hour of the day more pleasant to witness a game of base ball than early evening. Next Wednesday evening, there will be a game played at Northside Park between Schellsburg and the team from the Brotherhood Bible Class, to which all are invited.

The game will begin at six o'clock and will be known as the twilight game. There will be no admission charged.

Beegle-Smith
On Friday, July 14th, 1916, Mr. George T. Beegle, of Lutzville and Miss Valeria Smith of Everett, were united in holy matrimony, by Rev. A. B. Miller, at the Lutheran parsonage, 527 South Richard St., Bedford, Pa. The best wishes of their many friends for a long and happy life, accompany them on their voyage of life.

St. Clairsville Reformed Church
C. G. Bachman, Pastor.
Sunday, July 30, Service, Trinity, St. Clairsville, 10.15. St. Mark's, King 2.15. There will be a meeting of the Missionary Society of Trinity Church, St. Clairsville in the evening, at 8 o'clock, at which time Miss Carrie M. Kerichman of the Japanese Mimeo, San Francisco, Cal., will speak.

Put to Shame

Here is a story of a little trick played on the doorstep of a pompous and rich fellow who was notorious for disowning poor relatives.

The door was opened by a magnificently powdered and pushed footman who looked in dismay on the disreputable looking intruders.

"Master in?" asked the joker.

"No, he is not," said the indignant flunky.

"Not in?" he said, with an air of disappointment, which was also conveyed by the byplay of his friend.

"Well, when he comes home, young man, tell him as his two brothers from the poorhouse called to see him."

W. E. SLAUGENHOUP

BEDFORD'S BIG STORE

Up-To-Date Merchandise-SPECIALY PRICED For Your Savings

Big Savings on Ready-To-Wear

Ladies' House Dresses of Percale and Gingham... 98c and \$1.25
Ladies' Street Dresses of Printed Lawn, Organdie and Voile... \$2.50 to \$5.00.

Ladies' or Men's Linen Dusters, in three styles \$2.50, \$3.00, \$4.50
Ladies' Voile Waists, Embroidered or Lace trimmed, \$1.50 values \$1.00

Ladies' Sport Stripe Dress Skirts, Pink, Blue and Black... \$1.25
Ladies' Dress Skirts of Serge, Poplin or Fancy Weaves, Black, Green and Navy... \$1.00 to \$6.00

White Dress Skirts of Pique, Patch Pockets and Button Trimmed \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50
Children's and Misses' Voile Dresses, Plain White or Floral Designs... \$1.50 to \$5.00

Child's Wash Dresses of Gingham, Lawn or Voile, 6 to 12 years 50c, 75c and \$1.00

Dress Ginghams that are Fast in Color and Good Quality

Bates Dress Ginghams are worth to-day 15c yard—Our Price 12½c
Fast color Dress Ginghams, in plain or stripes, 30 in wide, 10c yd. Plain Color, Soft Chambray Ginghams, Regular 12½c value 10c

Fast Blue Cheviot Sheetings... 10c yard
Indigo Blue Calico, Best Made... 7c yard
Lancaster Gingham, dark and light... 9c yard

Best Percale—Old Dyed Quality... 12½c yard

Keep Out The Fly

No where in town will you find better Window Screens or Screen Doors for the money.

24x36 Window Screen... 40c
2ft. 10x6 ft. 10
2 ft. 8x6 ft. 8 Door... Complete, ready to hang \$1.10, \$1.25, \$1.45

2ft. 6x6 ft. 6 Door... \$1.65
3 ft. x 7 ft. Screen Door... \$1.65

Men's Extra Quality White Drill Overalls and Blouses... 65c each
Men's Good Blue Work Shirts, full size, double seamed... 50c

Men's Indigo Blue Overalls... 98c pair
Men's Heavy Work Hose, 3 pairs... 25c

Shoes --- For All The Family

AT OLD PRICES AND EVEN LESS
White Shoes and Slippers at Special Prices, for Women, Misses and Children.

Ladies' Dress Shoes... \$2.00 to \$4.00
Ladies' Pumps in all Leathers... \$1.50 to \$3.00

Misses Pumps, Patent Colt and Gun Metal... \$2.00 and \$2.25
Children's Baby Budd Shoes, Vici Kid, Patent Colt or Gun Metal, 5 to 8... \$1.25 8½ to 10½... \$1.50

11½ to 2... \$2.00 and \$2.50.
Men's Floursheim Shoes for Dress, all Leathers... \$5.00 pair

Men's Heywood Shoes for Dress... \$4.00 and \$4.50
Men's Endicott Make of Shoes... \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50

Men's Heavy Work Shoes, the kind that fit and wear, black or tan \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3.00
Boys' Patent Colt Dress Shoes, 3½ to 5... \$2.00

Boys' Work Shoes, tan or black... \$1.75 to \$2.50

Buy Not-A Seam Hosiery

And you are sure to get Hose fast in color—and no seams. Made in all colors for Men and Women, at... 25c and 50c pair

Toilet Goods for Hot Weather

Colgate's Regular 25c Size Talcum Powder... 15c
Colgate's Toilet Water, 50c Size... 45c
Colgate's 8 oz. Bottle Bay Rum... 45c
Clovevine Talcum Powder, 25c Size with Chamols... 19c

Muslin Undergarments

At greatly reduced prices—new lot just in and will move quickly at these low figures.

Ladies' Nainsook Lace Trimmed Corset Covers, regular 35c value 25c
Ladies' Muslin Skirts, Embroidery Ruffle, Correct Width, \$1.75 values... \$1.50

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, Linen Lace Trimmed, Special... 35c
Ladies' Muslin Drawers, Good Values at 45c, Special... 25c

Ladies' Chemise, 75c values... 65c
Ladies' Chemise, \$1.50 values... \$1.25
Ladies' Chemise, \$2.00 values... \$1.50

Floor Coverings

If you want a good RUG within the next year you can get it here. About FIFTY 9x12 size are being offered at old prices, which means a saving now of \$2.50 to \$5.00 to you.

9x12 Tapestry Rug... \$13.00
Conyolem Runners, regular 25c value... 20c

75c, 54 inch Crex Porch Runner, Special this week... 69c
27 inch Bordered Crex Hall Runner... 40c yard

Stenciled Bordered Crex Rugs, Extra Heavy Weight, 9x12... \$9.50
Linen Fibre Bozart Rugs, all sizes with fast color border, 9x12 size... \$10.00

Can be scrubbed with soap and water or let in sunlight and will not fade.

SPECIAL PRICES ON GROCERIES FOR THIS WEEK

Macaroni or Spaghetti, 3 packages... 25c
Washington Crisp, per package... 08c

Lutz or Schram's Baked Beans, can... 08c
Lump Starch, 7 pounds... 25c

Extra Fancy Evaporated Peaches, Regular 15c Quality... 11c
Large Bottle Stuffed Olives... 21c

Loose Cocoa, per pound... 19c
Arbuckles Steel Cut or Whole Bean Coffee... 20c

Hasley or Hoffman's Family Soap, 6 Cakes... 25c
Light House Cleanser, 6 Cans... 25c

Purity Brand Spring Wheat Flour, every sack replaced if not satisfactory, per sack... 85c
Clink's Fancy Hams, per pound... 22c

Fancy Breakfast Bacon... 23c

Sale Starts Saturday, July 29, and Lasts One Week

THE NEW 5 and 10c STORE OPENING SALE

Nickels and Dimes conquer the high cost of living! Come to our Opening Sale and see what nickels and dimes will do. The problem of making "ends meet" will not be nearly so serious after this sale has demonstrated to you what nickles and dimes can do in our store. By buying at once you will have the complete selection to choose from. Get the Nickel and Dime Habit.

WILLIAM A. WEISEL COMPANY

5-10 Cent and Variety Store

Bedford, Pa.

CLEARVILLE

The Monroe township school board met at this place and selected the teachers for the coming term as follows: Barkman, Bertha W. Elmer; Black Oak, Allen H. Amick; Clear-

ville advanced, Norman W. Cooper; Clover Grove, Harry Robinson; Emerson, Freda Cooper; Fletcher, Frank Welmer; Glade Lick, Emma B. Morse; Maple Grove, William Hanks; McGee, Grace Jay; Mechanics, Eunice Robinette; Oak Grove, Ira Pennell; Pine Grove, Amanda James; Point Pleasant, Florence M. Beck;

Robinsonville, R. S. Frownfelter; Snyder, Roy Sellers; Stevens, D. C. Robinson; Welmer, Pearl Mearkle; Ward, Mae Shearer. Only ten of last year's teachers were retained and five of those assigned schools not taught before viz: Allen H. Amick, Wm. Hanks, Roy Sellers, Ina Pennell and Eunice Robinette.

Presbyterian Churches

Services on next Sabbath as follows: Schellsburg, Communion 10:30 a. m. Preparatory, Saturday, 2.30 p. m. Mann's Choice, Service 7.45 p. m.

Try a Gazette want ad; they bring results.